The Columbian.

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THE GREAT STORM.

THE WHOLE COUNTRY SNOW-BOUND

Railroads Stopped, Mails Delayed, and Business at a Standstill — The Worst Storm Since the Blizzard of 1888.

Snow began to fall on Saturday night about 9 o'clock, and it kept steadily at it until some time during Monday night. For more than 48 hours the flakes came down, surpassing all records of the last 18 years. The thermometer stood near zero, and the wind blew, drifting the snow in many places. All day Sunday the storm continued, and the attendance at church was very small. Some of the churches were too cold for comfort. At the Episcopal church the thermometer stood at 49 in the morning, and 51 in the evening. This was owing to no fault of the Steam Company, who did all in their power to furnish heat to all their customers, but the unusual and extraordinary weather conditions rendered it impossible to send steam to certain points where the wind seemed to prevent proper circulation. The Sunday papers did not reach here until nearly noon. On Monday the storm continued, and though the Harrisburg mail reached here on time, no Philadelphia mail was received until after eight o'clock at night. The Pennsylvania Railroad abandoned all trains east of Altoona, and it is the most complete tie up that road has ever experienced. One train from Harrisburg reached Altoona eleven hours late. The Limited Express, from Chicago, was obliged to stop at Altoona, and the passengers were cared for at the hotels. At Williamsport only one train on the Philadelphia & Reading got through, and that was four hours late. The trains on the Pennsylvania were several hours late, and on Monday all trains east were abandoned. Trolley roads in all the cities were blocked, and travel was suspended. By a heroic effort the D. L. & W. kept their passenger trains moving, but freight and coal trains were abandoned. Up to Tuesday morning no express matter had been received by the U. S. Express Co. here, but packages from Buffalo came through all right, the storm not being so severe in that section. At Scranton the D. & H. road was tied up, also the Central Railroad of New Jersey. All trolley lines were blockaded, and business was at a stand-still.

All the trains on the Bloomsburg division of the D. L. & W. went through, but all behind time. No mail from points below Northumberland was received here Tuesday morning.

The Bloomsburg & Sullivan ran trains all day Monday, not more than an hour late. Though drifts three feet deep were reported on Tuesday morning, the trains got through all right.

The business of the Court was very much interfered with on Monday, and the Court had to adjourn for want of work. Jurors and witnesses were unable to reach here, and some who came, went home without being formally excused, because they had no one to attend to their stock, and protect their families. The Court recognized the unusual conditions, and permitted the continuance of many cases on account of the storm. The public schools held but one session on Monday, and closed at 1:30. The stores were deserted, and no one ventured on the street, unless compelled to go out. Some of the old residents said they had never seen anything like it.

On Tuesday morning everybody was glad to see that the snow fall had ceased, and that the sun was shining once more. There is now a fair prospect for a period of good sleighing, and there is also a prospect of a big freshet in the Spring, should there be a rapid thaw.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

On next Sunday Feb. 19, Rev. M. L. Smyser, pastor of the Mulberry St. Methodist Episcopal Church, Williamsport, Pa., and a former pastor in this place will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist Church next Sunday both morning and evening. His many friends will be glad to see and hear him again. He will also meet the converts in the lecture room, in the afternoon at 3:00 o'clock. Let them all be present to hear what he has to say to them. All the members who have not yet reported the amount of their missionary collection will please do so next Sunday *without fail.*

TOWN COUNCIL IN SESSION.

The Regular Monthly Meeting Held Thursday Night.

The Town Council met in regular monthly session in the Town Hall Thursday night. It was nearly eight o'clock when President Holmes rapped for order. Members Blue, Rishton, Demaree, and Hartman, answered to their names. The first business before the meeting was the granting of the following permits to build:

To E. J. Brown, for a house on Market street, Peter Billmeyer, for an addition to his house, corner of Centre and Fourth streets, and to Jacob Rhoads, for a barn at Port Noble.

The selection of a suitable location for the Goodwill Fire Company was next in order. Two propositions were presented. Mrs. Oblosser will sell a lot 70 feet front by 50 feet deep, for $500, or will lease a lot, 20x50 feet, for $40 per year. Thomas Hickey will sell a lot, 50 feet front, by 49½ feet deep, for $900, or lease a lot 20 x 20, for $24 per year. The matter was referred to the proper committee.

C. C. Peacock was reappointed a member of the Health Board.

C. W. Miller was present in the interest of the Berwick and Bloomsburg Electric Railway Company, and asked for the right of way through several of the streets of the town. A committee was appointed, in whose hands the matter was placed, and a report will be made at the next meeting.

The following report, from the Board of Health, was read:

To the President and Members of the Town Council, Town of Bloomsburg.

GENTLEMEN:—

I have the honor to submit to you a report of the Bloomsburg Board of Health for the year 1898.

The health of the community has been exceptionally good, very few contagious diseases reported, and all, as a rule, of mild type—few fatal cases.

Ninety-eight (98) nuisances were reported, and all but 5 or 6 promptly abated, and these will be as soon as the weather will permit. The health officer visited and inspected all premises, from which contagious diseases were reported, and the residents were instructed as to using all sanitary precautions for preventing spread of disease.

The citizens have shown a disposition to comply with all suggestions and directions from health officer.

The following contagious diseases were reported:

DISEASES.	NO. CASES.	NO. DEATHS.
Diphtheria,	4	2
Measles,	15	0
Scarlet Fever,	1	0
Typhoid Fever,	1	0
Small-pox,	0	0

REMARKS:—All premises inspected on report of diseases and houses placarded.

A few cases of fever were reported, but they were generally of a mild type and short duration.

Typhoid fever has always been a very rare disease in Bloomsburg. As a rule all cases are contracted away from the town. The extreme rarity of typhoid fever, and other diseases of like nature, we think due to the good sanitary condition of the town—good, pure water, and good sewerage.

Respectfully submitted.

W M. RERER,
Secy. Board of Health.

Exceptions Dismissed.

C. C. Yetter was nominated for Justice of the Peace in this town, by the Republican caucus. R. H. Ringler filed nomination papers for the same office seventeen days before the election. Mr Yetter filed objections to Mr. Ringler's papers, on the ground that the office of Justice of the Peace is a state office, and therefore, his papers must be filed 28 days before the election. In a lengthy opinion, filed on Monday, Judge Little dismissed the objections, and Mr. Ringler's name will, therefore, be printed on the ballots. The Judge does not decide whether a Justice is a state, or county, or township officer, but he rules the question on the ground that as Justices are elected at the same time as all township officers, that it is subject to the same rules as township officers, so far as nomination and election goes. Judge Bechtel, of Schuylkill county, has decided differently, but we are inclined to the belief that Judge Little is right.

The Calliepian reunion will be held in Normal Auditorium on next Wednesday evening, February 22d.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

SLIM ATTENDANCE AT THE SESSIONS

Widening of the Public Road, Between the Western Terminis of River Street and Rupert Bridge Considered—Other Business.

Sheriff W W. Black acknowledged the following deeds:

To Geo. E. Mordan land in Madison township.

To L. E. Waller land in Bloomsburg.

To J. W. Mensinger et al land in Greenwood township.

To Anglo S. & L. Association for land in Bloomsburg.

To Susan B. Markle land in Briarcreek.

To Cosmopolitan Building and Loan Association land in Mifflin township.

The last two deeds Lien Creditors receipt read in open court.

Objections to nominations filed by Democratic party of borough of Catawissa read in open court. Filed. Feb. 10, 1899 at 2 p. m. fixed for time of hearing.

In re Certificate of nomination Republican party of the borough of Catawissa. Petition of P. B. Ervin for mandamus, alternative writ of mandamus to issue returnable 10th day of February 1899 at 2 p. m.

Peter Appleman Estate. O. B. Mellick appointed auditor.

For road in Franklin township near Francis Ely's barn. Report of viewers continued to next term on account of the death of J. B. Knittle, one of the viewers, before making report.

C. G. Barkley appointed to take testimony and report on divorce case of Ida Mabus vs. Wm. B. Mabus.

Road in Hemlock township near Clell Whitenight's. Order to reviewers is continued to next term.

The matter of widening the public road in Bloomsburg between the western terminus of River street and the Rupert county bridge No. 6 December session. And now February 6, 1899 on motion of Andrew Fritz, counsel for petitioners for road, the order to reviewers is continued with leave to report on first day of next term. J. C. Brown is hereby appointed as one of the reviewers to take the place of William Yetter who has refused to act.

Petition for appointment of Chief Burgess for Borough of Millville filed. Court appointed Chas. S. Ely as prayed for.

Declaration of assent of Wm. and Hannah Gingles to sale to discharge lien of first mortgage etc., filed by leave of court.

Jno. W. Eves assignee of James B. Eves acknowledged deeds in open court as follows:

Jno. W. Eves assignee to J. S. John for land in Millville, to Ellis Eves for land in Millville, for Edwin and Rachael Eves and K. E. John, land in Millville.

J. G. Freeze presented a petition of the coal companies of Conyngham twp. under an act of 1893, whereby they proposed to make the roads of said twp., at their own expense. The same was granted. This takes the work out of the hands of the supervisors except they have certain duties to look after the roads at intervals.

Exceptions were filed to the nominations papers of R. H. Ringler, of this town for Justice of the Peace.

In the matter of Commonwealth, at the instance of Wm. Krickbaum, vs. C. B. Ent, charge assault and battery, the court indicated its desire to have the same continued, whereupon on motion of Fred Ikeler, counsel for Mr. Ent, the same was continued to the next term and the witnesses discharged, as were also all jurors not empannelled.

The testimony being closed in Centralia burglary case the witnesses were discharged and counsel proceeded to argue to the jury. Counsel for Harvey Nash, Clem R. Weiss and R. R. John; R. R. John made closing argument. Counsel for John Harvey, James Scarlet and Voris Auten; James Scarlet made closing argument for Harvey.

In the estate of M. M. Foust, deceased. Feb. 6, 1899. On motion of B. F. Zarr H. A. M'Killip continued as auditor by the court.

The district attorney finished his address to the jury at 7:30 p. m. The court then charged the jury in the case in an address lasting till 9 p. m. Before jury was sent out exceptions by James Harvey, defendant, to the charge of the court and answers were filed, same with defendant Arthur Nash.

The court adjourned at 9:30 p. m., till the ringing of the bell. The Judges and court officials remained in the court till 1 a. m., for the purpose of taking a verdict if one was returned. Jury not agreeing by that time court adjourned.

Bell rang at 10:45 a. m. Court convened at 11:15 a. m.

Jury brings in a verdict as follows: We find the defendants not guilty.

The defendants James Harvey and Arthur Nash discharged from custody.

The court instructed the clerk to credit the jurors with an extra day's work, they having been out all the preceding night.

Hearing in the petition of P. B. Ervin for Mandamus.

Mandamus refused. No Justice of the Peace to be elected at this February Election.

Petition of Annie M. Skeer guardian of Lloyd B Skeer for allowance. Prayer granted. Amount fixed at $600.00 per year.

Petition of Annie M. Skeer, guardian of Joseph A. Skeer for allowance. Prayer granted. Amount fixed at $600.00 per year.

Petition of Annie M. Skeer guardian of Flora A. Skeer for allowance. Prayer granted. Amount fixed at $600.00 per year.

SECOND WEEK.

Court convened at 9:30 a. m. Monday with Hon. R. R Little and Associate Judge Kurtz on the bench.

In the matter of the nomination papers of R. H. Ringler filed. Objections filed by C. C. Yetter. Objections dismissed

Auditor's report in the Estate of J. M. C. Rank, confirmed nisi.

Auditor's report in the Estate of Jacob H. Creasy confirmed nisi.

Auditor's report in the Estate of Susanna C. Hayman confirmed nisi.

The following persons were named by the court as committee on examination of applicants for admission to the bar: Wm. H. Rhawn, Fred Ikeler, J. B. Robison, H A. McKillip and Geo. M. Tustin.

Report of sale in Estate of Moses Hower confirmed nisi.

Petition of H. J. Creveling to make deed. Order made as prayed for.

Bloomsburg Banking Co. vs. I. W. McKelvy. Judgment for want of affidavit of defense.

Petition of M. E. Stackhouse, administrator of Clinton W. Lewis, for discharge, filed. Petition discharge as prayed for.

All jurors discharged from further attendance at this Court. All jurors living more than five miles from town, and who cannot reach home, to be allowed another day

Argument Court fixed for first Monday of March.

BASKET BALL.

The Normal School basket ball team continued in its victorious way Monday night by defeating the Wyoming Seminary boys in a one sided game, by a score of 56 to 10. They started out like winners throwing a basket in a few seconds after the ball had been put in play, and during the entire game their great superiority was manifested. The visiting team was lamentably weak at every point, and it was only a question of how large the score would be.

From a scientific standpoint, the battle was good, only one foul being made, and that by a Seminary player. The whole Normal team played good ball, but perhaps McGuffie, Lewis and Clayberger are entitled to a little extra credit, because their basket throwing was gilt edged, and their work during the whole evening was such as to call forth continued applause from the audience, which by the way, was a large one, notwithstanding the fact that the thermometer hovered around the zero mark, and the drifting snow made it disagreeable to be out. The line up was as follows:

NORMAL.	POSITIONS.	WYOMING.
McGuffie	Attack	Anderson (Capt.)
Lewis	"	Billings
Aldinger	Center	Keller
Oplinger	Defense	Dershimer
		Carlin
Clayberger	"	Robbins

Baskets—McGuffie 9, Lewis 6, Aldinger 3, Oplinger 5, Clayberger 4, Anderson 1, Billings 1, Keller 2, Dershimer 1.

Referee, Smethers. Timer—Cope. Times of halves, 20 minutes.

Oyster Supper.

There will be an oyster supper held at the M. E. Church at Long's on Saturday evening.

COMMITTEE.

TO MY

Friends and Patrons.

I have taken possession of the store of Gidding & Company, and will be pleased to see all my old friends and patrons of this store.

Soliciting your patronage, I am,

Yours sincerely,

BEN GIDDING.

The Leader Department Store.

ALL-WOOL INGRAINS.

We are closing out 6 dropped patterns. One of them is 45 cents. Made to sell for 65 cts.

Don't lose your chance to buy Muslins and Canton Flannels cheaply. The wholesale market is on the jump. The newspapers tell us that the coming year promises to be the biggest year the country has ever known. All values will be higher. So take the hint in time.

We are Giving Away Our Coats.

For a very little money. Two months of stormy weather before you. Come and fix your own price for what we have left.

Mackintoshes.

We are overstocked and will make a price to move them. We have them cheap enough for you to buy an extra one.

Finest and Newest All-Wool Extra Supers, 65c.

Don't buy any Carpets until you see our new goods and get prices.

Special Bargain in a Plain Stair Carpet, 15c.

C=o=u=g=h=e=y.

Webster says this is the wrong way to spell coffee, but people who have used our special Savoy Blend for 35c, say there is nothing better for the money.

Try Paris Corn and Nigger Head Peas. Nothing better for the price in town.

Furniture.

We are coastantly getting new patterns of Diners and Extension Tables. When you want something Exclusive give us the opportunity to get it for you. We will always make the price right for you.

Have you seen our seven-piece

All-Oak Bedroom Suits?

Don't buy before looking at them.

ART SQUARES.

Nothing gives better values for the money than an Art Square. Easily taken up and shaken. We have them 9 square yards for $2.75. Better ones in proportion.

The Leader Store Co.,

FOURTH AND MARKET STS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

The Question of Additional Revenue Agitates the Lawmakers.

SCHEMES FOR NEW TAXATION.

A Proposal For a State Tax on Beer, Even If Constitutional, May Be Vetoed by the Governor If Passed—A Philadelphians Plan For New Judges

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Feb. 14.—The principal legislative event of last week was the action of the house in postponing the McCarrell jury bill until Feb. 21. The vote on postponement was 93 to 92. Seventeen Democrats voted against the motion to postpone and five Quay Republicans for it. Every member was present and voting, with the exception of Harry Manning, who lies in his grave in Cumberland county, and Clinton Rogers Woodruff, of Philadelphia, who was absent without being paired.

The unusual extent to which legislation is held back by the senatorial deadlock is likely to result soon in a rush and crush to save favorite bills from defeat threatened by the early final adjournment on April 20. The danger to all such bills except appropriations will be largely increased when altered house rules shall give the right of way to the appropriation bills. These circumstances probably will evoke from some faction a proposition to fix a later date for final adjournment.

The change cannot be made, however, without a two-thirds vote of each house. It is a little to early to foresee how the parties and factions may be lined up on this question. Ordinarly the Democratic members might wish a plague on both Republican houses, and seeing nothing for Democratic gain in pulling Republican chestnuts out of the fire might stand as a unit against changing the date unless it should be impossible to dispose of the state's indispensible business by that time.

When the necessary work shall be done the Democrats may see a party advantage in refusing to help members of either Republican faction to push their special schemes through. If the senatorial outcome or prospect shall not mollify present feelings between the Republican factions, the anti-Quay Republicans will be no less eager than the Democrats to kill pet projects of their enemies. The Democrats will aim to put all the blame upon the Republican side for any neglect of the state's interests, and each Republican faction will try to bring popular censure upon the other for the delinquencies of the legislature.

Worried Over Treasury Deficiency.

With the senatorial question unsettled no legislative leader predicts the particular element from which a proposed fixing of a date later than April 20 may emanate, or what degree of success it may have. All legislators feel sure that trouble is brewing over these questions, however, if for no other reason than that found in the treasury deficiency of two millions or more, and in the necessity pointed out by Governor Stone and others for increasing the state's revenue.

Continued Republican factional fighting in Philadelphia is regarded as a certain consequence of whatever may be the result of the senatorial struggle. Senator Martin's close friends say, however, that he has had enough of the city feuds and proposes to content himself as a mere looker-on.

An illustration that might seem ridiculous if not connected with a solemn duty to a dead associate, is given of the extremes to which many legislators are disposed, in consequence of the exposures of former legislative scandals, to save for the state at the spigot while loss at the bunghole is threatened by numerous questionable bills. It transpires that no claim is to be made upon that state for the expenses of the committee who represented the legislature at the funeral of the late Henry Manning. Two members of the committee, after themselves contributing, performed the hat passing act and collected from legislators about $60 to cover their personal outlays.

Innumerable large buildings not heretofore required to have fire escapes must get them if two bills introduced by Ebenezer Adams, of Philadelphia, shall be enacted. They are on the second reading calendar of the house. Under the present law the buildings that must have, in addition to outside stairways, a chain ten feet long and rope an inch thick reaching to the ground and attached to a bolt through the wall inside of at least one window in each room of every floor higher than the second, are hotels, factories, tenements, schools, hospitals, halls and amusement places. Where a floor is but one room, or a room has more than three windows, there must be means of escape in proportion.

The Adams Fire Escape Bills.

One of the Adams bills adds to this list any other building more than two stories high, in which 20 or more persons are or may be employed in any sort of work, every lodging house or other building in which rooms or floors are let to five or more families and "every large boarding house or boarding school." The other Adams bill adds to the buildings that must have, under present law, the outside open iron stairways, "every boarding house or boarding school three or more stories high." Another new provision is that all the buildings mentioned in the present law and in this bill that are capable of accommodating more than 500 and less than 1,000 persons as operatives, guests or inmates, shall have three such stairways, or as many more as the constituted authorities may deem necessary. Fire proof office buildings are excepted in the Adams bill, as by present law.

The Baldwin mercantile tax bill, as introduced, would have been a much heavier burden upon dealers, especially big ones, than the Hoch bill. The Baldwin bill at first provided that retail dealers should pay $2 tax on an annual business of from $1,000 to $2,000 and "75 per cent additional" for each additional $1,000. The ways and means committee made a change, however, and the bill now on the second reading calendar says "75 cents additional," The amended Baldwin bill calls for a considerably higher tax than the Hoch bill would impose on retail dealers. The Hoch bill would put a one mill tax on the dollar for retail dealers and half a mill for wholesalers. For every thousand dollars above two thousand the Baldwin bill would tax wholesales 50 cents or two-thirds of the retail tax. A retailer with an annual business of $10,000,000 under the Hoch bill would pay $10,000, under the amended Baldwin bill only $7,500.50. At retail $100,000 would be taxed $100 by the former and only $75.50 by the latter, while a retailer doing only $10,000 worth of business would pay under the Hoch bill $10 and under the Baldwin bill $8.

Of Interest to Cyclists.

Bicylers are interested in a bill introduced by Representative Paschall, of Warren, and reported favorably by the public roads committee, to legalize the construction and maintenance of side paths along the highways of all townships, for the use of bicycles and pedestrians, the wheel people, however, to have the right of way. Upon petition from at least 25 freeholder residents of the county, who are bicycle riders, the quarter sessions court shall appoint three resident wheelmen to serve as side path commissioners, without compensation beyond necessary expenses.

Each year the term of but one commissioner is to expire, and the vacancy is to be filled by the court upon petition as before. The commissioners shall supervise the construction and maintenance of side paths. All residents owning bicycles are to be assessed by the regular tax assessors, and the county commissioners shall levy a tax of $1 on each wheel, or as much thereof as may be recommended by the side path commissioners. The money thus raised shall constitute a side path fund. The paths are to be constructed between the roadway proper and the land abutting thereon, and not less than three nor more than six feet wide.

As beer pays the national government $2 a barrel, half of it Spanish war tax, it is authoritatively hinted that Governor Stone would veto, even if constitutional, a bill introduced in the house by Mr. Hosack, of Allegheny, to impose a tax of half a cent a gallon on all beer, ale and porter manufactured or brewed in the state during the three years beginning June 1, 1899, to be paid semi-annually in July and January. The bill provides that the quarter sessions clerks shall keep the auditor general posted as to the brewers, and get a $10 fee for each name and address. The auditor general may at any time request such a certified list. Sworn reports of the number of gallons manufactured are to be made semi-annually by the brewers.

The estimated revenue from such a tax, being less than $1,000,000, would hardly meet Governor Stone's view of what is needed to cover the treasury deficiency and warrant his approving an appropriation for a new capitol. The Hosack bill would be unconstitutional unless a way could be found to tax liquors imported from other states.

A Plan to Increase Expenses.

Notwithstanding the gloomy revenue prospect, protests from newspapers and citizens against the bills for new courts of limited jurisdiction throughout the state and for three additional common pleas judges in Philadelphia have not halted the proposed raid upon the treasury through multiplication of public offices. Representative Adams, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill providing that at the next general election two judges shall be elected for that city to serve exclusively in the courts of oyer and terminer, general jail delivery and quarter sessions. Their salaries are to be $5,000 a year each, and in addition to trying indictments they shall adjudicate matters relating to breaches of the peace, punish for contempt, issue writs of habeas corpus and have equal authority with the common pleas judges to make orders and decrees, and render judgments in criminal jurisdiction. The governor is to appoint the two judges to serve until next January 1.

Senator Weller, of Bedford, declares that the creation of such a court would violate section 8 of article 5 of the constitution.

A bill from Representative Sexton, of Montgomery, would repeal the proviso in the general road law of 1897 that it should not take effect until $1,000,000 should be appropriated therefor or received into the treasury for road purposes. The Sexton amendment provides that the act shall take effect on the first Monday of January, 1900. Backers of this change hope for new revenue to warrant an appropriation to make the bill operative.

By Senator Brown, of Philadelphia, a bill was introduced requiring every insurance company and association excepting mutual assessment associations, doing business in Pennsylvania, to publish once a week for two consecutive weeks in the month of November in each year an itemized list and statement of the assets owned by such company.

In the senate Mr. Carrell presented a resolution providing for the appointment of a legislative committee of five to assist in making arrangements for the unveiling of the Hartranft monumeet in Harrisburg on May 12. The resolution provides that an invitation be extended to the president and others to take part in the ceremonies.

Refused to Invite Bryan.

As soon as the resolution was read Mr. Washburn moved that "William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, be also invited to attend the unveiling of the monument."

"Is the motion seconded?" asked Lieutenant Governor Gobin, who occupied the chair.

Mr. Washburn looked to his fellow Democratic members to second the motion, but none responded. Therefore the resolution passed without an invitation having been extended to Mr. Bryan.

Charges for the transportation of newspapers by chartered carrying companies within the state are regulated by a bill put in by Representative Voorhees. It provides that the rate shall not exceed 3 cents for each 25 pounds for a distance not to exceed 100 miles, and for each additional 50 miles or fraction thereof the additional charge shall not exceed 2½ cents for each 25 pounds.

Judge R. W. Archibald, of Scranton, has been indorsed by the Snyder county bar for the appointment to succeed the late Justice Williams on the supreme court bench. The petition signed by the bar and the court officers has been presented to Governor Stone.

WILKINS.

CONTINUOUS VICTORIES

The Downfall of Iloilo Weakens The Rebellion.

THE DEPARTMENT'S IDEA.

The Rebels Set Fire to Iloilo Before They Left It—Flames Extinguished by Our Sailors—Swiss Consul's Residence Burned—Not an American Hurt.

Manila, Feb. 15.—Particulars of the capture of Iloilo by the United States forces under Brigadier General Miller, have been received here.

On the morning of Friday, February 10, General Miller sent an ultimatum to the commander of the rebels on the shore, notifying him that it was his intention to take Iloilo by force if necessary. Non-combatants were warned to leave the town within twenty-four hours. The rebels were also warned that they must make no further belligerent preparations.

The gunboat Petrel was then moved to a position close inshore and near the rebel fort, while the cruiser Boston took up her station at the other end of the town.

Friday passed quietly. During the day many refugees left the town of Iloilo, the majority of whom were taken on board foreign ships lying in the harbor.

Searchlights from the United States warships illuminated the town and its defenses all night. The rebels, so far as the lookouts on the ships could discover, remained quiescent throughout the night.

At 8 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, February 11, the gunboat Petrel signalled to the cruiser Boston that the rebels were working in their trenches. In return the Petrel was ordered to fire warning shots on the town from her three-pounders. That was done, and the rebels replied with a harmless fusilade. The Boston and the Petrel then bombarded the rebels' trenches, which were cleared of their occupants in a short space of time.

Soon after the bombardment had been begun flames broke out simultaneously in various parts of the town. Thereupon, forty-eight marines, acting as infantry and artillery, were landed from the cruiser Boston, and a company was sent ashore from the gunboat Petrel. Those detachments marched into the town of Iloilo, and hoisting the Stars and Stripes over the fort, took possession of the place in the name of the United States.

The capture of the town and its defences having been accomplished, the marines and soldiers who had been sent ashore, proceeded to the task of saving the American, English and German consulates from destruction by the fire which was raging among the frail and inflammable buildings of the town. The Swiss consul's residence, which was in the same row as the consulates named, was burned. The entire Chinese and native sections of the town were destroyed, but foreign mercantile property escaped with slight damage.

There was some desultory firing by the enemy on the outskirts of Iloilo, but not a single American was injured.

Cable from Dewey.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—The nevy department has received the following cablegram:

Secretary Navy, Washington:

Petrel just arrived from Iloilo. That place taken by our force Saturday and now occupied. No prisoners. No casualties on our side. Insurgent loss not known, but believed to be slight. They attempted to burn town, but foreign property generally saved by our force.

DEWEY.

Skirmish Near Manila.

Manila, Feb. 15.—The insurgents at Pateros, ten miles southeast of Manila, surrendered on Wednesday, but the place was not occupied by our troops. Since their surrender the Filipinos have flown flags of truce indicating their submission, but yesterday afternoon they opened fire upon some detached troops of the First California Infantry stationed nearly north of the town. The Californians replied with a hot fire, driving the rebels out of the town.

They moved to the south, where they made a stand, and an engagement followed, continuing until dark. The Californians in the meantime were re-enforced by companies from the First Washington and First Idaho Infantry, and the Utah Light Artillery. The former Spanish river gunboat, Laguna de Bay, is now on her way to shell the enemy's rear.

It is supposed that the insurgents who evacuated the town upon its surrender have been secretly gathering at Pateros under cover of flags of truce for several days with the object of making the attack which they made yesterday afternoon.

Filipinos Want Peace.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 15.—General Riego de Dios and M. Rivera, the Filipinos who arrived last week from Manila, intending to join their associates in Washington, have decided to leave for Montreal.

M. Rivera expresses himself astounded at the kind treatment he received here. The envoys will endeavor to persuade Agoncillo to return to Washington and join with his associates in pleading for an honorable peace.

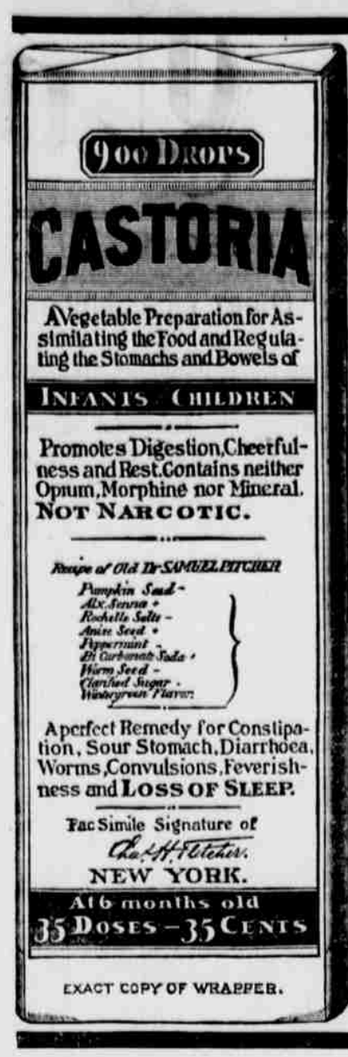
London Hears from Iloilo.

London, Feb. 15.—A dispatch received at Lloyd's from Manila reports that there was serious fighting at Iloilo on Saturday, February 11, and that much property was destroyed.

The insurgents were driven out of the town. The correspondent expresses the opinion that there is not likely to be any further trouble. Foreign property, the dispatch says, is safe.

To Make Dewey Admiral.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The Senate passed the bill reviving the grade of Admiral of the Navy. The text of the bill is as follows: "The President is hereby authorized to appoint, by selection and promotion, an Admiral of the Navy, who shall not be placed upon the retired list except upon his own application; and whenever such office shall be vacated by death or otherwise, the office shall cease to exist."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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
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Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

A little girl sat gazing fixedly at the new bonnet of one of her mother's visitors until the caller smilingly asked:

"Do you like it, my dear?"

The child innocently replied:

"Yes, I do. Mamma and aunt Milly said it was a perfect fright, but it doesn't frighten me a bit."—*Tid Bits.*

THOROUGHLY SATISFIED—"I suffered from neuralgia and pains in my side, and seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised as a good medicine I procured six bottles. The first bottle gave me relief. I continued taking the medicine and am satisfied with the good results. It has cured me." Mrs. T. Wandell, 33 Second Ave., Corry, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, headache.

THE HEART MUST NOT BE TRIFLED WITH.—Where there are symptoms of heart weakness, there should be Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, it's a magical remedy, gives relief in thirty minutes, and there are thousands who testify that it cures permanently. Mrs. W. T. Rundel, of Dundalk, Ont., says: "I was for years unable to attend to my household duties. I used Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart, the result was wonderful, the pain left me immediately after the first dose, and a few bottles cured."—16.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

"Why," said Soiled Spooner to Weary Wanders, "why did you tell that guy you wuz lookin' fur work? I may be a hobo, but I allers did hate a liar?"

"I am lookin' fur work," replied Weary Wanders, with dignity. "I don't want it to see me first."—Pittsburg *Chronical Telegram.*

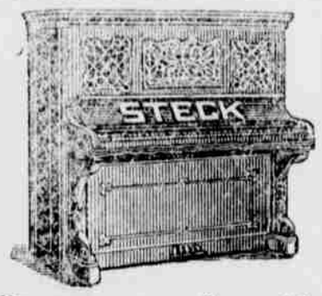
Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A REMEDY FOR THE GRIPPE.—A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do oot wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell the Balsam. 2-2d4t

THE STOMACH'S WOES—Are pleasantly and positively healed by Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. They act upon and digest the food, prevent fermentation and all distress of the stomach. Eminent physicians have noted their sterling merit and the wonderful cures wrought right in their own practice and prescribe to relieve and cure. 35 cents.—20.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet Music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the **Demorest Sewing Machine**, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

WASH MACHINES,

FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

J. SALTZER.

☞ Music Rooms—No. 115 West Main St., below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa. 3m11-3

TAPE WORMS

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."
GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Miss.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
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NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Quick Communication
Facilitates Business.
Use the LOCAL TELEPHONE and Communicate.

Direct with persons in Berwick, Catawissa, Danville, Riverside, Rupert, Willow Grove, Almedia, Lightstreet, Lime Ridge, Mifflinville, Millville, Rohrsbnrg, Nescopeck, Orangeville, Stillwater and Benton. Also long distance lines to nearly all the towns in the different States. Rates reasonable. Local exchange over Postoffice.

CENTRAL PENNA. TELEPHONE & SUPPLY CO.
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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
2-16-4t.d.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at R. B. GROTZ, Bloomsburg.
The best are the cheapest.

TID-BITS FOR MA' HONEY!

and tender little juicelets for the children, are all right, but papa and "the boys" want a good, big, juicy steak, roast or chop when business or school duties are over, and we can cater to them all. Our stock of prime meats is unexcelled for quality, and we send them home in fine shape.

J. E. KEIPER.

THE DEVELOPMENT

of Bloomsburg, notwithstanding the late financial and business depression,

HAS BEEN PHENOMINAL.

Its permanence and prosperity are now assured.

The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company now offers for sale the most desirable lots for residences and business purposes to be had in this town, at moderate prices and upon easy terms.

A SMALL PAYMENT

down and small monthly payments thereafter will secure a lot.

Those purchasers desiring to build, and own their own homes the company will assist by advancing the money there on.

WHY PAY RENT

when you can own your own home?

Factory Sites Given Away.

Maps of the town and our plotted property furnished on application.

Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company.
J. S. WOODS, Sales Agent. N. U. FUNK, Secretary.
10-6-6mos.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ 20
Eggs per dozen	20
Lard per lb	c8
Ham per pound	.10
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	80
Oats " "	40
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	9 to $10
Potatoes per bushel	.60
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	80
Sweet potatoes per peck	30
Tallow per lb	05
Shoulder " "	09
Side meat " "	c8
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples per lb	05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	1 25
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	1.00
Chickens per lb new	.10
" " " old	10
Turkeys " "	12½
Geese " "	14
Ducks " "	08
COAL.	
No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2 35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

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Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, County, or town sent free. Address

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Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
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HUMOR OF LUNATICS.

ASANE MAN'S EXPERIENCE IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

By the Time He Got Through Being Fooled by the Inmates He Was Ready to Distrust Even the Superintendent of the Institution.

"I never knew until I went out to California this time that insane people have a powerful sense of humor," said a Washingtonian who recently returned from a trip to the coast. "I confess that I've always found a morbid sort of interest in going through noted insane asylums, and so I armed myself with the proper credentials in San Francisco and went up to Napa county to have a look over the splendid asylum for the insane there. Inasmuch as I wanted to see a few things without the attention of a guide, I didn't present my letters, but just rambled around the beautiful, spacious grounds for awhile. I hadn't spent three minutes examining the extraordinary rose gardens in front of the main asylum building before a tall, slender young man, well dressed and exceedingly well groomed, emerged from a clump of oleander trees and approached me.

"Taking a look around, eh?" said he to me.

"'Yes,' I said. 'I only arrived here a few minutes ago, and I'm taking the liberty of nosing about without any official guidance.'

"'Well,' the tall young man said, pleasantly, 'I don't suppose I fall out of the classification "official guidance," seeing that I am the assistant superintendent here, yet I should be pleased to show you about and at the same time try not to place any restraint upon you by my awe inspiring presence.'

"Well, the young chap's manner was so pleasant and winning that I could only thank him for his kindness, and we started over the grounds. We hadn't gone far before a middle aged man, also well dressed and well groomed, appeared some distance in front of us down the gravel walk, and he beckoned to my companion. The young man excused himself courteously and went up to the middle aged man. The two conversed earnestly together for a few minutes, and then, linking arms, what do they do but coolly walk off, leaving me standing there in the middle of the gravel path, a good deal nonplused.

"'Surprised over the way they deserted you?' said a voice right back of me. 'You mustn't mind a little thing like that, though. Both of those men are as crazy as loons.'

"I turned around, and there, standing behind a hedge about ten feet to my rear, was a little old gentleman, neatly dressed in black, and with a quizzical smile on his features.

"'Surely,' I said, 'you cannot mean that that rational speaking, pleasant mannered young man who was conducting me about the grounds is bereft of his wits?'

"'Mad as a March hare,' repeated the old gentleman flatly. 'Incurable case. Harmless, but incurable. The man that he went off with is also a very sad case—very. Thinks he is the Maharajah of Bludblud, or something like that. But you mustn't mind 'em. Lots of visitors are taken in the same way. If you care to, I'll just show you around. I am one of the board of visitors of this institution and just happen to be here in my unofficial capacity today.'

"Much marveling over what the old gentleman told me, I fell in with him, and we rambled around the huge geranium arbors, and finally entered the enormous glass building where the cultivation of violets is carried on.

"'Nice array of flowers, isn't it?' the old gentleman inquired of me, waving his hand at the beautiful beds of violets in bloom. 'I am not inordinately vain, my friend, I hope you will understand, and yet I cannot but congratulate myself upon the introduction of this violet raising feature here, for I myself was responsible for it and only succeeded in having this hothouse constructed after enormous exertions with the authorities of the institution.'

"I congratulated the old gentleman upon the result of his labors and was just about to ask him to take me into the main building and introduce me to the superintendent when he suddenly excused himself, saying that he had left his spectacles on a bench in the gardens and would be back directly. I waited for him for fully ten minutes, but as he did not return I started on out of the glass building.

"'You didn't really expect him back?' I heard a voice say, and then a pleasant faced man, dressed as a laborer and carrying a watering pot, came from behind a group of palms. He spoke with a Scotch brogue.

"'The old gentleman you were with is very bad up here,' said the man with the watering pot, touching his forehead. 'He's been here for 20 years, and he fancies he owns the place. I am the head gardener here, and he tries his best to run me. But he don't—no, sir, he don't. He can't. No crazy man can run me.' And the Scotchman went down the length of the raised violet beds, watering the plants.

"I passed out of the glass building and started for the entrance to the main building, there to present my letters. As I was about to walk up the steps to the entrance a man with side whiskers and rather a sharp, piercing eye walked up to me.

"'You have business here?' he inquired of me in a rather sharp tone. Well, I thought he might be another of 'em, and so I kept right on. He followed me up the stairs and into the office, and I had to hand my letters to him. He was the superintendent. He smiled when I told him of my experience in the grounds.

"'Which of them was really insane?' I asked him.

"'All of them,' he replied."—Washington Star

MYSTERIOUS LIGHT AT SEA.

Three Steamers Didn't Understand It, but the Prince of Monaco Knew.

The Prince of Monaco has been known since 1885 as an enthusiastic student of the sea and its various forms of life. He usually spends his summers in the study of oceanographic problems, and his cruises have on some occasions been extended almost to the coasts of America. He delivered a lecture before the Royal Geographical society in London in which he told this incident:

One afternoon, while in the bay of Biscay, he sank the trap in which he collected specimens of sea life. It went to the bottom in over 12,000 feet of water, and as night approached he fastened to the wire attached to it an electric buoy and then stood off a mile or so. It did not happen to occur to him that he was right in the track of steamers plying between northern Europe and the Mediterranean, but he was reminded of the fact later.

As he and his 14 sailors were watching with a good deal of satisfaction the swaying buoy with its brilliant illumination a steamer's lights came into view. It was soon evident that the steamer was curious to know the meaning of the illumination, for she altered her course and made for the light. She knew that no fishing boats came out so far from land and so determined to solve the mystery. Up she came to within a quarter of a mile of the buoy, slowed up for a minute, and then started ahead, perhaps a little disgusted at the incident that had lured her several miles out of her course.

She had hardly got away when a second steamer came into view, and she, too, bore down upon the lighted buoy. The marines on the prince's vessel understood by this time that the illumination was probably believed to be evidence of a disaster. Just as the prince's steamer was moving up to explain matters she was nearly run down by one of the large liners in the oriental trade, which had also left her course to render what assistance she could.

The swell was very heavy, and the prince feared a collision as the three vessels approached the light like moths around a candle. He therefore veered off and the other vessels, after standing by for a few minutes, went on their way and probably never learned the cause of that night's illumination at sea.

But the incident gave the prince a pointer. He carefully refrained thereafter from exhibiting his electric buoy on any of the much traveled ocean routes.—New York Sun.

FOOLED IN A HORSE TRADE.

This Animal Possessed Several Remarkable Traits.

A prominent English landlord was one day riding across a common adjacent to his preserves when he overtook one of his tenants, who was also mounted. After the usual salutations they rode on in silence for some minutes, when the tenant slightly spurred his horse, a balky animal, whereupon it dropped to its knees.

"What's the matter with your horse?" asked his lordship. The embarrassed tenant remarked by way of explanation that his steed always acted that way when there was game to be found.

A moment later, to the tenant's satisfaction and surprise, a frightened hare jumped out of some bushes near by.

This so impressed the landlord that he at once drove a bargain by which he secured the tenant's barebacked beast in exchange for his own fine mount, perfectly saddled. With much agility the tenant leaped to his new horse, and all went well until they came to a small stream, whereat the landlord's new nag immediately balked. A drive home with the spurs brought it again to its knees.

"Hello, what's up now? There's no game here," said his lordship.

"True, my lord," was the ready reply, "but I forgot to tell you 'ee's as good for fish as 'ee is for game."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Audience Got Angry.

There was a scene of wild excitement during the last week of May, 1892, at the Gaiety, London, and all owing to the singular behavior of a policeman. Two popular entertainers were on the stage, and one of them asked the audience a little conundrum, "Why is a policeman an utter scoundrel?"

A gentleman in blue who was apparently on duty in the body of the theater at once took offense. He jumped on to the stage and, seizing the offender, attempted to drag him off.

The audience rose in indignation. Men shook their fists and shouted, "What has he done?" One frenzied young lady in the front of the gallery seized a tumbler and would have thrown it at the policeman if her arm had not been arrested.

The policeman then dragged his captive off the stage amid the hisses and shouts of the audience. But anger was speedily changed to laughter when Mr. Policeman reappeared with his victim and stood revealed as one of the Cosmo trio. I never saw an audience so completely taken in.—London Correspondence.

Pigs and Witchcraft.

Two women of the lower class were quarreling violently the other evening in Heavitree, a suburb of Exeter. One yelled to the other: "You wretch, you always keep a black and a white pig, so that you can witch us! You ought to be scragged!" The one so addressed, it seems, has lived in her cottage some 20 years. She has during this period, it is said, always kept a couple of pigs, one of each color, and her neighbors consider she does this so that she may enjoy the very questionable powers of witchcraft. No butcher in the neighborhood will buy her pigs, as if he was known to do so he would certainly lose the local custom upon which he relies.—Notes and Queries.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13, 1899.

The bill for the increase of the regular army is believed to be as dead as it deserves to be. It is understood that notice has been served upon the administration Senators that they will not be allowed to pass the Hull bill, or any other bill proposing to give the President authority to maintain a standing army of 100,000 men, at the present session. If a vote could be had, the administration might get its bill through, although it is by no means certain that it could; but the minority has the power to prevent a vote, and will not hesitate to exercise it. An informal offer has been made to agree to an amendment to the regular Army appropriation bill, authorizing the maintenance of the war strength of the regular army—62,000, for one year from the first of next July, and, unless there are decided changes of opinion, that is about all the army legislation that will get through at this session of Congress.

* * *

Mr. McKinley has given out an edited edition of the report of the War Investigating Commission, which contains no surprises and will not convince a single individual that Alger has not been a misfit from the beginning of the war, and that beef, unfit for use, was not issued to the army; nor that Miles deserves censure for calling public attention to the bad meat. Great stress is laid by the administration and the friends of the gentlemen who served on the Commission on the fact that the report is in keeping with the evidence, and that it was signed by them all, except Col. Sexton, who died last week. Such a claim is unnecessary, because the facts are generally admitted. What is objected to and what makes the report so much waste paper, is that no evidence was sought, although it might have been had in abundance, except that which would conduce to a whitewashing report. The money that the Commission has cost, and it is a considerable sum, has been absolutely wasted; not one single good purpose has been served by its expenditure.

* * *

The sentence of six years suspension from rank and duty, which was put upon Gen. Eagan by the President, isn't half so bad as it sounds. During the next six years, or until he reaches the age for retirement, in January, 1905, Eagan may engage in any occupation that may please his fancy, go wherever the notion strikes him to go, and continue to draw the salary of a brigadier general. Had the sentence been suspension from rank, duty and pay, it might be considered a hard one, but Eagan ought to consider himself lucky, as it is, and he doubtless does, although, of course, he and his friends may be expected to let out a few yowls about how severely he has been treated—given six years leave on full pay, $5,500 a year.

* * *

That men of the most economical tendencies can be kept quiet by giving their districts a slice of the public "pork" it is proposed to distribute has been often demonstrated before, but nevermore strikingly than when the House, in two days passed, without serious objection from a dozen members, seventy-eight bills, providing for public buildings in thirty eight States. Quite a number of those bills provide for the erection of public buildings in places where it is known that there is neither business enough to warrant such an expenditure, nor prospect that there will be for years to come. No wonder Representative Dockery referred to the proceedings as a "hog combine."

* * *

There are a number of Senators who regard Aguinaldo as about as many kinds of a fool as the late W. E. Vanderbilt did one of his sons-in-law. By his first tool attack on Manilla he got his army destroyed, and has been compelled to beg a conference to make terms for himself, which Gen. Otis naturally declined to have anything to do with. And that is not all he has done. If he had not made a fool of himself, the Senate would have accompanied the ratification of the treaty with a resolution declaring against permanent retention of the Philippines. The sentiment of the Senate is still against permanent retention of the Philippines, but, owing to the situation on the islands, it will hardly be deemed advisable to do anything now, except to leave the whole business in the hands of Dewey and Otis. It is altogether likely that the Philippines will be given a Government of their own inside of a year or two, but it is certain that fool, Aguinaldo, will not be connected with it. Had Aguinaldo been the tool of the imperialists in this country he would have earned his pay.

* * *

Czar Reed has allowed it to become known that he intends to prevent the House passing a Nicaragua Canal bill. The friends of the Canal, among whom are about four-fifths of Congress, have set their wits to work to beat the Czar. One way to do it, which is now being considered, is for the Senate to put the Hepburn bill, which has been reported to the House as a substitute for the Morgan bill, passed by the Senate, in the River and Harbor bill, as an amendment.

Facts About February.

February, the second month of the year, is also the shortest, numbering twenty-eight days in ordinary years, but in leap year it has an intercalary day. Among the Romans it had originally twenty-nine days, but when the Senate decreed that the eighth month should bear the name Augustus, a day was taken from February and given to August, which had then only thirty in order that it might not be inferior to July. The name is derived from the circumstances that during this month occurred the Roman festival called the Lupercalia, and also Februalia from februare, meaning "to purify."

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY will be Morning Star about May 9, September 5 and December 25; and Evening Star about March 24, July 22 and November 16.

Venus will be Morning Star till September 15; and then Evening Star the rest of the year.

Jupiter will be Morning Star till April 25; then Evening Star till November 12, and then Morning Star again the rest of the year.

STORIES OF RELIEF.

Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. JOHN WILLIAMS, Englishtown, N. J., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot begin to tell you how I suffered before taking your remedies. I was so weak that I could hardly walk across the floor without falling. I had womb trouble and such a bearing-down feeling; also suffered with my back and limbs, pain in womb, inflammation of the bladder, piles and indigestion. Before I had taken one bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt a great deal better, and after taking two and one-half bottles and half a box of your Liver Pills I was cured. If more would take your medicine they would not have to suffer so much."

Mrs. JOSEPH PETERSON, 513 East St., Warren, Pa., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have suffered with womb trouble over fifteen years. I had inflammation, enlargement and displacement of the womb. I had the backache constantly, also headache, and was so dizzy. I had heart trouble, it seemed as though my heart was in my throat at times choking me. I could not walk around and I could not lie down, for then my heart would beat so fast I would feel as though I was smothering. I had to sit up in bed nights in order to breathe. I was so weak I could not do anything.

"I have now taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and used three packages of Sanative Wash, and can say I am perfectly cured. I do not think I could have lived long if Mrs. Pinkham's medicine had not helped me."

Ask your Druggist for a generous **10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.** **Ely's Cream Balm** contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c. at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, with out nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket book. 500 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy your own druggist who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money.

STOP SMOKING!

NO-TO-BAC

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

$100 Reward $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for lists of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENNY & Co.
TOLEDO, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES | FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES | SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES | EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES | WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES | COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES | COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES | KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES | MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES | BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect August 1st, 1898.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10.00	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	..	6 03
Chulasky	6 43	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 32	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 15	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	...	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 0'
Berwick	7 54	3 01	11 04	7 0
Beach Haven	7 58	3 07	....	7 1
Hick's Ferry	8 01	3 13	...	7 2
Shickshinny	8 14	3 24	11 30	7 3
Hunlock's	8 17	3 34	.....	7 4
Nanticoke	8 35	3 42	11 45	7 5
Avondale	8 40	3 46	....	8 0
Plymouth	8 45	3 51	11 52	8 06
Plymouth Junction	8 50	3 55	.....	8 11
Kingston	8 57	4 02	12 0	8 18
Bennett	9 0	4 06	.....	8 21
Forty Fort	9 03	4 10	....	8 4
Wyoming	9 08	4 16	12 08	8 28
West Pittston	9 12	4 21	.....	8 32
Susquehanna Ave	9 15	4 24	12 14	8 36
Pittston	9 19	4 29	12 17	8 40
Duryea	9 23	4 34	..	8 44
Lackawanna	9 26	4 37	..	8 48
Taylor	33	4 45	....	8 5'
Bellevue	9 38	4 50	.....	9 07
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 35	9 12

STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
	WEST.			
SCRANTON	6 00	10 05	1 55	5 40
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 15	2 03	5 50
Lackawanna	6 18	10 23	2 10	5 58
Duryea	6 22	10 26	2 13	6 02
Pittston	6 28	10 41	2 17	6 06
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 35	2 20	6 10
West Pittston	6 36	10 39	2 24	6 14
Wyoming	6 41	10 44	2 29	6 19
Forty Fort	6 46	..	..	...
Bennett	6 50	10 52	2 36	6 30
Kingston	6 56	10 56	2 42	6 56
Plymouth Junction	7 00	....	2 47	.....
Plymouth	7 04	11 05	2 52	6 43
Avondale	7 09	..	2 57	6 47
Nanticoke	7 14	11 15	3 02	6 70
Hunlock's	7 20	11 19	3 10	6 58
Shickshinny	7 31	11 30	3 24	7 10
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 43	3 35	7 95
Beach Haven	7 53	11 48	3 42	7 32
Berwick	8 00	11 54	3 49	7 38
Briercreek	8 06	..	3 55	....
Willow Grove	8 10	12 04	3 59	7 49
Lime Ridge	8 14	12 09	4 04	7 53
Espy	8 21	12 15	4 11	8 00
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 22	4 17	8 07
Rupert	8 34	12 27	4 23	8 13
Catawissa	8 40	12 32	4 29	8 18
Danville	8 55	12 47	4 44	8 34
Chulasky	....	...	4 49	...
Cameron	9 05	12 57	4 54	8 4
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 10	5 08	9 0
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.			B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE		
a.m	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m	p.m	p.m
7.10	11.45	6.30	2.15	Bloomsburg	8.34	2.40	6.45
7.08	11.40	6.28	2. 0	" P. & P.	8.36	2.42	6.47
7.03	11.37	6.24	2.02	" Main st.	8.39	2.45	6.50
6.53	11.27	6.12	1.50	Paper Mill	8.42	2.54	7.01
6.50	11.23	6.09	1.45	Light st.	8.52	2.59	7.05
6.40	11.13	5.59	1.30	Orangeville	9.02	3.10	7.14
6.29	11.0	5.48	1.00	Forks	9.10	3.30	7.24
6.25	11.00	5.44	12.55	Zaner's	9.14	3.34	7.28
6.18	10.55	5.37	12.45	Stillwater	9.20	3.30	7.33
6.03	10.45	5.27	12.3	Benton	9.30	3.40	7.42
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.10	Edson's	9.34	3.44	7.47
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.05	Cole's Crk.	9.37	3.47	7.51
5.58	10.32	5.13	11.58	Laubach	9.47	3.57	8.01
5.43	10.23	5.03	11.45	Central	9.57	4.07	8.11
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.30	Jax. City	10.00	4.10	8.15
a.m	a.m	p.m	p.m		a.m	p.m	p.m
LEAVE							ARRIVE

Shadow and Light

Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.

The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of

BANQUET WAX CANDLES

Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.

Manufactured by
STANDARD OIL CO.
For sale everywhere.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 20, '98

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M
Scranton (D & H) lv	† 6 45	† 9 30	† 2 18	† 4 27
Pittston " "	7 08	10 0	† 2 40	4 52
Wilkesbarre lv	† 7 30	†10 15	† 3 12	† 5 00
Plym'th Ferry "	† 7 38	10 20	† 3 21	† 5 08
Nanticoke "	7 46	10 27	3 30	5 17
Mocanaqua "	8 04	10 45	3 50	5 37
Wapwallopen "	8 13	10 55	3 58	5 47
Nescopeck ar	8 24	11 10	4 10	7 00
Pottsville lv	† 6 00	†	†12 35	†
Hazleton "	7 08	11 35	2 00	5 50
Tomhicken "	7 25	11 55	2 20	6 17
Fern Glen "	7 34	12 04	2 28	6 1
Rock Glen "	7 43	11 90	2 35	6 2
Nescopeck ar	8 07	.....	3 00	6 5
Nescopeck lv	† 8 14	†11 10	† 3 10	† 7 0
Creasy "	8 53	Via	4 28	7 09
Espy Ferry "	† 8 43	Rock	† 4 25	7 18
E. Bloomsburg "	8 47	Glen	4 30	7 28
Catawissa ar	8 55	P.M. 12 20	4 36	7 30
Catawissa lv	8 55	12 20	4 36	7 35
S. Danville "	9 14	12 38	4 55	7 47
Sunbury "	9 35	1 00	5 17	8 10
Sunbury lv	† 9 45	† 1 10	† 5 45	† 9 25
Lewisburg ar	10 15	1 45	6 18	.....
Milton "	10 10	1 39	6 14	9 50
Williamsport "	11 00	2 30	7 10	10 40
Lock Haven "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....
Renovo "	A.M.	4 40	9 00	.....
Kane "	.....	9 05	.....	.....
Lock Haven lv	P.M. †12 10	P.M. †3 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone "	2 15	6 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg "	4 23	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield "	5 07	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg "	6 55	11 30	.....	.....
Sunbury lv	A.M. † 9 50	P.M. † 1 55	P.M. † 5 25	P.M. † 8 31
Harrisburg ar	† 11 30	† 3 20	6 55	†10 10
Philadelphia ar	P.M. † 3 00	P.M. † 7 35	P.M. 10 30	A.M. † 4 20
Baltimore "	3 11	† 6 00	† 9 45	6 34
Washington "	4 10	† 7 15	10 55	† 7 45
Sunbury lv	A.M. †10 05	P.M. † 2 35	.....	.....
Lewistown Jc ar	P.M. 12 05	† 4 23	.....	.....
Pittsburg " lv	† 6 55	†11 30	.....	.....
Harrisburg lv	P.M. † 11 45	P.M. 10 50	P.M. † 7 30	P.M. †10 20
Pittsburg ar	P.M. † 6 55	A.M. †11 30	A.M. † 2 00	A.M. † 5 30

† Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station.

Pittsburg lv	P.M. † 7 45	P.M. † 8 30	A.M. † 2 50	A.M. † 8 00
Harrisburg ar	A.M. † 2 00	A.M. † 3 4.	† 9 1	P.M. † 3 10
Pittsburg lv	.....	A.M.	.....	A.M. † 8 00
Lewistown Jc "	.....	† 7 30	.....	P.M. † 3 15
Sunbury ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	† 5 00
Washington lv	P.M. †10 40	A.M. ...	A.M. † 7 50	A.M. 11 50
Baltimore "	†11 55	† 4 45	† 8 55	† 2 00
Philadelphia "	111 20	† 4 30	† 8 30	†12 24
Harrisburg lv	A.M. † 3 35	A.M. † 8 05	A.M. †11 40	P.M. † 4 00
Sunbury ar	† 5 05	† 9 40	1 10	† 5 40
Pittsburg lv	P.M. †12 45	.....	A.M. † 2 50	A.M. † 8 00
Clearfield "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone "	7 15	.....	† 8 10	12 30
Bellefonte "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 42
Erie lv	P.M. † 4 30	P.M.	A.M.	P.M. .....
Kane "	† 7 55	.....	† 6 25	.....
Renovo "	11 10	† 6 40	10 30	...
Lock Haven ar	11 58	† 7 33	11 35	† 3 00
Williamsport "	A.M. 12 55	P.M. † 8 30	P.M. †12 40	4 00
Milton "	1 50	9 19	1 27	4 52
Lewisburg "	...	9 05	1 15	4 47
Sunbury ar	2 21	9 45	1 55	5 10
Sunbury lv	A.M. † 6 10	A.M. † 9 55	P.M. † 2 0	P.M. † 5 43
S. Danville "	6 33	10 17	2 21	6 07
Catawissa "	6 54	10 35	2 37	6 24
E. Bloomsburg "	Via	10 43	2 43	6 32
Espy Ferry "	Rock	†10 47	2 47	† 6 36
Creasy "	Glen,	10 56	2 55	6 46
Nescopeck ar	8 07	11 10	3 10	7 55
Nescopeck lv	A.M. ...	A.M. †11 10	P.M. †4 15	P.M. † 7 01
Rock Glen "	† 7 26	11 25	4 40	7 31
Fern Glen "	7 47	11 43	4 46	7 35
Tomhicken "	7 58	11 54	4 55	7 41
Hazleton "	8 22	P.M. 12 18	5 18	8 05
Pottsville "	11 30	2 08	6 25	...
Nescopeck lv	A.M. † 8 07	A.M. †11 10	P.M. † 3 10	P.M. † 7 59
Wapwallopen ar	8 18	11 22	3 19	7 09
Mocanaqua "	8 28	11 32	3 30	7 21
Nanticoke "	8 48	11 54	3 50	7 42
Plym'th Ferry "	f 8 56	P.M. 12 02	4 00	7 52
Wilkesbarre "	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
Pittston (D & H) ar	A.M. † 9 39	P.M. †12 49	P.M. † 4 52	P.M. † 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Phillipsburg and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Reading

In effect July 1, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays, 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30, 8.40, 11.30 a. m., 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West, B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.35, 11.26 a. m., 3.20, 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.35 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 4 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 4.45, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia, 8.50 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 9.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 2.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.28 9.18 a. m., 1.30 3.40, 6.08

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.38 9.18 a. m., 1.38 3.50, 6.30.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect Oct. 4, 1898.

Leave Philadelphia Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 6.30 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot, WEEK DAYS—Express, 7.35, 9.00 a. m., 3.30, 5.30 p. m. Accom., 8.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 4.00, 7.30 p. m. Accom., 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City and Ocean City, Weekdays—9.00 a. m., additional for Cape May, 4.15 p. m., for Sea Isle

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1899.

POLITICAL CARDS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
J. K. SHARPLESS,
of Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WILLIAM H. HENRIE,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
J. W. PERRY,
of Sugarloaf Twp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
W. H. FISHER,
from the South Side.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN N. GORDON,
of Montour.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
A. N. YOST,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
DR. T. C. HARTER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
W. F. STOHNER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,
of Catawissa.

☞ The above announcements are all subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held Tuesday, June 13th, 1899. Primary election, Saturday, June 10, 3 to 7 p. m.

The McCarrell bill, now before the legislature, proposes to take from district attorneys the right to stand aside persons in certain criminal cases. It was introduced at this session especially for the benefit of Senator Quay whose trial is fixed for February 27th in Philadelphia. Every effort is being made to secure its passage before that time. A motion to postpone the bill until March 21 was carried by a close vote on Friday. Mr. Creasy voted to postpone, and Mr. Chrisman against postponement. The latter is openly for the bill and declares that he will vote for it. The postponement of the bill until after Quay's trial was eminently proper, as it has become a purely political measure for the benefit of Quay. Seventeen Democrats voted against postponement, much to the disgust of their fellow Democratic members.

It is urged that this measure has been supported by Democrats heretofore, and therefore ought to be now. It was never before introduced under circumstances similar to the present. If the Republicans wanted it passed, why did they not vote for it when it was before the legislature on former occasions, and could have been passed by them with or without the help of Democrats? The reason is that their boss was not under indictment then, and they had no use for the measure.

If Republicans would not pass it when they had the power to do so, no one will suffer by it now, by its postponement for a few weeks, and any Democrat who casts his vote in any way that looks like favoring Senator Quay will have a hard time to explain his position to his constituents. Mr. Chrisman had better take warning.

HAVE WE NO HEROES?

When Schley said "There is glory enough for all of us," he seems to have been mistaken. If the investigation committees keep on with their work there will not be any glory left for anybody concerned in the recent war with Spain. The Commission appointed by President McKinley without any legal authority for its existence, has made its report, in which they find that McKinley, Alger and Eagan are entirely blameless, but cast strong reflections on General Miles. Secretary Long of the Navy Department has just published a letter in which he gives the reasons why Sampson was put in command over Schley, though the latter was entitled to the preference, by rank. He says that Schley disobeyed orders, and tried to run away from Cervera's fleet. And yet this whole nation has looked upon Miles as the hero of Porto Rico, and Schley as the hero of Santiago. Dewey's turn may come next. It is to be deeply regretted that the jealousies of men in power should be so exhibited as to detract greatly from the glory of our quick and decisive victories over the Spaniards.

Grant was made President because of his military record. Can it be possible that men connected with the administration are purposely detracting from the reputation of heroes of the war, for fear that they may become Presidential possibilities? We don't want to think so, and yet the general trend of matters makes it look that way.

Worse Than a Barren Victory

After all it is a question now if it would not have been better if Dewey had brought his squadron straight home into American waters, when ordered out of Hong Kong, than to have entered Manila bay and saddled the troubles of the Philippine Islands upon this country. His was a great victory; a glorious showing of American courage and American Manhood; a never to be forgotten exhibition of the valor and patriotism and skill of the American navy; but as the glory grows older and the patriotism fails to enthuse, we begin to wonder what we won and what was the excuse, necessity or incentive for winning it.

It is certain that if we had never had anything to do with the Philippine Islands we would be better off to-day than we are. The troublesome questions that now face us and must be met would not be upon us. The expensive and probably never ending campaign that must be organized and maintained, if we are to see a stable government permanently established over the ignorant and law-defying people who inhabit them, would not be the discouraging prospect that now stares us in the face. The lives of the brave men who have gone down to their deaths following the flag in that inhospitable climate would not be chargeable to our greed for glory. The millions upon millions of dollars that have been already expended; the $20,000,000 more that have been offered Spain as a peace offering, and the hundreds of millions additional that must go in the effort to establish and enforce our authority and rights in those far away islands, would all have been saved.

It was not necessary to take Manila to save the starving and oppressed reconcentradoes of Cuba. The victory of Mania bay and Cavite in no way assisted in shortening or lessening the hardships, dangers or cost of the war we started for the relief of the oppressed Cubans. In fact they contributed nothing to its success. They gave us confidence in the valor of our navy and evidence of the skill and intrepidity of its commanders, and when we add to these the excuse they gave us for self gratification, we have covered every actual benefit that the occupation of Manila and the destruction of the rotten fleet that was expected to protect it brought.

There may have been glory in the campaign in the far east, but as we are beginning to find ont, that is about all we won. We are now but a few months away from it and already we realize its utter uselessness, how little it had to do with that which we started out to accomplish, how easily we could have won all we expected, or thought of winning, even if we had had no fleet in Asiatic waters. And then when we face the facts and understand how little we will have when we get all we demand, and are honest enough to recognize the seriousness of the trouble we are already wrangling over and the others that will have to be met in the future, consequence of our "victory" in Manila bay, it looks very much as if its results would prove but "dead sea fruit;" the ashes of which are already gathering upon our self-glorifying lips.—Bellefonte *Watchman.*

Railroad Man

Receives Good Advice from Fellow Workmen

The Whole Story Told by His Wife—It May Help You.

"When my little boy was six years old he had an attack of the measles, and after recovering he was restless at night, had no appetite, and was cross and fretful. Later on, large blotches and sores broke out on his face and limbs. We were told they would heal in a few days; but these few days grew into months. One day my husband, who is a well-known railroad man, was advised by some of his fellow workmen to give the boy Hood's Sarsaparilla. We concluded to do so, and after he had taken the first bottle we noticed some improvement. We kept on giving him this medicine until he had taken three bottles, when he was completely cured, and he has been well ever since." MRS. E. J. MILLER, Bennett, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

By Col. John G. Freeze.

As THE COLUMBIAN published and bound the aforesaid author's "History," I will also submit my observations thereon, to the columns of your valuable paper.

The people of the present generation, of Columbia county, owe Col. John G. Feeze, of Bloomsburg, a lasting debt of gratitude for his "History of Columbia County," in which he compiled all of his researches, in an accessible and convenient form, which, no doubt, required years of search and labor. In the historic narratives of the progress of the country's development, in matters of improvement, of educational advancement, from the origin of the school system, of art, science, manufacture and agriculture, the future student of Columbia county's history, will have a rich store of treasured and preserved knowledge of antiquated events. This "History" is of incalculable value, and will be the more highly prized as time advances. It should grace the library of every home as a book of reference, in which every person in the county is interested. There are things of local history that never should be lost to the local community, neither left to the keeping of tradition—a thing now impossible, in the days of written histry. I refer your readers to "Freeze's History, chapter VI." "Streams and Mountains," which prompted the following observations, and what I say of my locality is true, no doubt, of every local community in the county. Of the streams he so beautifully describes, I will only mention those identified with the locality of my childhood and after life, viz: Huntington creek, big and little Pine creeks, Fishingcreek, and the several branches of Ravencreek. The country lying between those streams, or traversed by them, may be said to be rolling and undulating, or rather, a system of little valley. I can remember the different characteristics of ridges, or water sheds, indicated by these streams, to a considerable width on either side, were fringed with a growth of white pine timber, of enormous size—giant trees, towering to the skies, except where interrupted by clearings. The Buckalew pine swamp, on Pine creek, was a grand and sublime sight, and a veritable mine of wealth. In the winter season those lofty pines often presented a scene, picturesque, and of indescribable beauty. Those large pines seemed to be a natural production of, or an adaption to, the streams, from source to confluence. The visible supply of white pine lumber seemed practically inexhaustible. Now there is hardly a relic left, stump or root. Ascending, or crossing the ridges, one would meet with other varieties of timber. Some localities were covered with different species of "yellow and pitch pines," some with red oak and rock oak, some with chestnut, and some swales were timbered with white oak of immense trunks and proportions. And there were also hickory and ash swales. Almost all localities had a sprinkling of almost all kinds of timber with the general supply, while some localities were heavily timbered with "sap pine" mainly. It took several generations to exhaust and destroy this mighty forest, of which the young people know as little about as they know about the spots on the sun. Where at one time you could not drive with sled and team, without first making roads, the people now drive with mower and harvester. Where once stood the unbroken forest, now stands the city, the town, the mansion, the church and the school house. Where once reigned savage barbarism, with the shriek and yell of Indian warwhoop, now is enthroned civilization, and a contented people engage in the arts of industry and other callings, adapted to the wants and circumstances of the times and people.

I did not draw upon the imagination, to picture an unbroken forest in the minds of our young people, because, could they see even the large fractions of forestry that existed in my early day, in the place mentioned, they would, like the Queen of Sheba, exclaim that, "the half had never been told." O, why could not there have been a panoramic, or kaleidoscopic view photographed of the primeval, unbroken forest, with the artist stationed on top of Nob mountain, on the old Berwick turnpike, at a point overlooking this great and beautiful valley, stretching eastward, and northward, bounded by the two great hills—the Nob and North mountains! It would present a scene worth its thousands to lovers of researches in matters of antiquity. Volumes of unwritten history are connected and forever lost, with the disappearance of the unbroken forest and the generations of people—pioneers and their descendants, who were identified and grappled with the forest, and disappeared with it. "Freeze's History" furnishes hundreds of texts, from which to write local history for local communities, in which the public would be intensely interested. I will here relate an exciting experience my grandfather enjoyed sometime after settling in the Fishingcreek country, where he located in the year 1817, clearing the spot where he built his house. Game of all kinds was plenty—deer, bear, wild turkey, pigeons, and lots of the smaller fry. He was then young and blithe. The woods were dense with an undergrowth of brush, with cowpaths leading from the clearings into the far reaching forest. Standing one day in one of these paths, nearby an old, dead tree, with only one limb on top, he espied a wild turkey, flying in the direction of the tree, and alighting on the only limb, which broke by its weight, and the turkey came flopping down the tree, and then began a chase. Grandfather hoped to reach the tree as soon as the turkey reached the ground, but he was a few feet short. They had an even start in this path, in the direction of the clearing. Every time the turkey attempted to squat, to rise in flight, he would reach to grab it. The turkey found that the only salvation was in the speed of its legs, and the chase lasted until they reached the fence of the clearing, when the turkey was obliged to squat to mount on its wings, and then grandfather caught it, just in the niche of time, falling with his trophy exhausted to the ground.

This was one of his favorite experiences, which required such great effort to secure game, that he used to relate it with an air of satisfaction, as a feat he never heard of being accomplished before. I remember hearing him tell of shooting a great many deer, but I do not remember of hearing him tell of shooting any bear. A chapter on individual and collective effort, and of customs and habits of early times, would also be interesting to the young people.

JOHN C. WENNER.

[There are only a few copies of Col. Freeze's History left. They can be procured at this office for $1.50. When the present edition is gone, it will be hard to get them, as they will be out of print, and those who have copies will not part with them for many times what they paid for them. It is a work that ought to be in every house in the county. It contains a vast amount of information to be found nowhere else in compiled form. Every lawyer, clergyman, doctor, school teacher, and all others desiring to know the history of their own county, should have one.—*Ed.*]

The Sullivan *Review*, of Dushore, Pa. passed its twenty-first birthday last week. The present proprietor, Fred Newell, has been with the paper for seventeen years, and for nearly twelve years has been its proprietor. He has made it a bright, newsy and influential sheet, and we hope that he and the *Review* may both live to celebrate their golden anniversary.

General Otis, in command of the American forces at Manilla, had better look a little out. Should he conquer the Filipinos, he will be a popular man, and then an investigating committee will get after him. Military heroes will not be tolerated by the present administration.

The ice on the Susquehanna river above Harrisburg, is fifteen inches thick.

Star Clothing House

During the Month of February, will offer

Special Reductions in All Winter Goods

Must be sold to make room for Spring Goods.

WE WILL OFFER BIG BARGAINS IN

STORM COATS AND ULSTERS,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Come and see the

Big Bargains in Winter Caps

At Townsend's Star Clothing House.

SOME

CUT PRICES

FOR THIS WEEK.

—o—

Dress Goods in Unmatchable Values.

The story to day is of a little lot of aristocratic stuffs of superior quality, mostly mixed goods, that have received notice to quit. Intrinsically they are worth every penny of yesterday's price, which this morning are cut in half. For instance we have picked out a lot of Dress Goods we sold for 50c and 56c, and they are the best value ever offered at this store, we will sell at 28c. Another lot reduced to 44c, worth 65c and 75c. Don't miss this chance.

Calico.

One case of silver grey Calico, the best made, all good styles, we will sell 10 yds for 45c. A lot of Heavy Sheeting worth 8c, we will sell at 6¼c. One case of Bleached Muslin good weight and not a lot of starch or lime in it, the kind that would retail for 7c, we will sell it as long as it lasts 10 yds. for 47c. 10 yds of good fine Unbleached Muslin for 34c.

Table Linen.

An unusual Linen chance for thrifty housewives this week. It consists of a 52 inch Unbleached Damask at 25c, goods we will not be able to offer again for less than 35c a yd. 72 in wide Bleached Damask, every thread linen, good pattern worth at least $1.00 a yd.. will go this week at 75c. Napkins to match the Linen.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats.

Our stock of Coats must be closed. We are selling $10.00 Coats for $5.00 or $7.00 Coats for $3.50, that is the reductions we have made all through our stock. Come while we have a nice assortment to pick from. We still have a few of last years styles that cost from $7.00 to $10.00, will close at $2.00.

—o—

F. P. Pursel.

SPECIAL SALE!

—o—

Now is the time to get bargains. During the next 30 days we will give you many goods at and below cost. Wool Dress Goods that was 25c, now 15c. Dress Goods, from 50c. to 30. Do not miss these special sales. We have just received new supply of pretty Coats, Capes and Fur Collarettes for ladies. Fur sets for children.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, from $5.00 up.

Ladies' Coats, Capes, Separate Skirts. Coats for misses and children. In this line our stock is large. Prices low.

Ladies' Fur Collarettes, from $2.00 up.

Our sales in Shoes increases daily. Ladies' Fine Shoes, from 79c. up. Gents' Fine Shoes, from 98c. up. Good Calicoes, 3c. Good Muslin, 3½c. Our stock of Underwear is complete. We handle the celebrated Leather brand Stockings for ladies, misses and boys. Corsets, for 24c. up.

Our Grocery Department is improving daily—adding new goods at better prices. Our whole stock is complete and prices always right. It will pay you to see our goods before you buy.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McHENRY, Manager

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1899.
Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Calendars For 1999.

We still have a number of calendars to give to our subscribers who will call for them. On receipt of a two-cent postage stamp we will mail to any address in the county.

PURELY PERSONAL

Harry Kline is home from Scranton Business College.

Frank Bomboy had his feet frozen during the cold snap.

William Rehm is recovering from an attack of illness.

Miss Kate Pifer, of Wilkes-Barre, spent Sunday with her parents in town.

Miss Carrie Fleckenstine of Wilkes-Barre, visited friends in town over Sunday.

Mrs. James W. Lewis of Altoona, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Thomas Vanatta on Iron Street.

Miss Mable Peacock returned home Saturday from a week's visit with relatives at Wilkes-Barre and Nanticoke.

Prof. and Mrs. F. H. Losey left yesterday for Binghampton, N. Y. to visit relatives. They expect to be absent a week or ten days.

Ralph G. Phillips and E. Skyles M'Killip are at Wilkes-Barre this week attending the State Photographer's Convention. The former, is competing for a prize. His exhibit is a beauty.

Miss Carrie Trumbower and Miss Elizabeth Foulke, of Danville, attended the band concert at the Opera House Friday night. They remained in town Saturday and visited relatives. The latter is a sister of Ralph Foulke, groceryman.

Our esteemed friend, L. M. Creveling of Fishingcreek township, was in town on Wednesday and made us a pleasant call. He was a member of the famous Bucktail brigade during the civil war, and on public occasions he takes just pride in wearing his old bucktail hat.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Hon. and Mrs. C. R. Buckalew celebrated their golden wedding last Monday.

In the absence of Prof. Losey the Junior Band rehearsal on Tuesday night was conducted by De Dorest Hummer.

J. M. Clark won the first prize at the Bloomsburg Wheelmen's euchre party Tuesday night, and W. S. Rishton, second.

The annual ball of the Friendship Fire Company will be held in the Town Hall Wednesday evening of next week. Tickets fifty cents.

Last Saturday morning the thermometer was reported to stand at 36 degrees below zero, at Millville. In Bloomsburg the lowest we heard is 18 below.

Edward Crissinger was convicted of murder in the first degree at Sunbury, on Saturday, for killing Daisy Smith. His counsel have moved for a new trial.

The Winona Fire Company will not produce a drama in March as was stated in this paper two weeks ago. The idea was abandoned at a late meeting of the company.

Those who have been wishing for "a regular old-fashioned winter" ought to be satisfied now. Perhaps next time they will be content with something of a later pattern.

Rev. S. B. Blunt has resigned the rectorship of Christ Church, Danville, and left there on Friday, February 3rd. He went to Shortsville, New York, and there his little two years old son died of convulsions.

LA GRIPPE!
Cured in 24 Hours,
—BY THE USE OF OUR—
LA ✻ GRIPPE ✻ PILLS
—o—
25 CENTS.
—o—
One box will cure a cold, or money refunded. An
INSTANT RELIEF FOR
Neuralgia and Rheumatism.
—o—
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
W. S. Rishton, Ph. G.,
Opposite P. O Pharmacist
Telephone No 1074

Prof. Losey has organized an excellent orchestra, whose services can be procured for dances and other entertainments.

Success comes to those who persevere. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and pesistently, you will surely be benefited.

Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, the dance given at Evan's Hall Monday night, was a right smart event. We understand the cotillon was led by Mr. P. K Vannatta.

The blizzard has prevented the oyster boats from making their trips, some of them being tied up for 10 days by the cold weather. Unless the weather moderates, an oyster famine is predicted.

The ballots for the election to be held on Tuesday, February 21st, are now being printed at this office. We print only the number of specimens ordered by the county commissioners, and give none out except on their order. Special orders for specimens will be filled only with the consent of the commissioners in writing.

Dentler's store room is now vacant, the Gidding shoe store having been sold in a lump to two New York parties, and shipped away last week. Gidding & Co. have it rented until April 1st. It is one of the largest store rooms in town, being 91 feet deep and about 30 feet wide. There is no better business location in Bloomsburg.

Private W. J. Edwards, of the 7th U. S. Volunteer Infantry, has been found guilty of murder by a court-martial at Macon, Ga., and sentenced to dishonorable discharge, and to be confined at hard labor for ninety-nine years in the penitentiary, at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. He will be somewhat advanced in years when his term expires.

The Concert given by the Band in the Opera House Friday night, was, taking the extremely cold weather into consideration, very successful. Every number was rendered in first class style and the audience showed its appreciation by liberal applause. The receipts, above all expenses was about forty-five dollars. Another concert will be given in the early part of April.

Dr. T. C. Harter had the misfortune to have his hot water heater at his residence freeze and burst last Friday. With the thermometor below zero this was an unpleasant situation. No repairs of the kind needed could be found in town, and had to be telegraphed for. Ralph Phillips and family who live in one half of the Doctor's house, moved down to Mrs. Phillips' boarding house until the repairs were made.

John G. Harman Esq., is announced in this issue as a candidate for District Attorney. He is the present incumbent, and asks for a second term. The duties of the office have been performed by him faithfully, fearlessly, impartially, with ability, and the people know that he is a competent and efficient officer. They will have an opportunity to say whether they want to retain such a man in a responsible and important office.

When William Neal was buried on Thursday last, the weather was probably the coldest on record at any funeral in Bloomsburg. The thermometer was below zero. Only the male relatives went to the cemetery, The pall-bearers were C. G. Barkley, John Wolf, J. C. Brown, Paul E Wirt, Dr. W. M. Reber and Geo. E. Elwell, all trustees of the Normal School. Out of respect to the memory of Mr. Neal, who was President of the Board of Trustees for many years, the school was closed in the afternoon.

At a meeting of the Columbia County Bar Association, held in the Court room on Monday afternoon, the Secretary was directed to invite all members of the Bar, to become members of the Bar Association. There are quite a number of the younger lawyers who are not members, and in order to make the association a success, every lawyer in the county should join it. The only requisites of membership are the payment of a year's dues and signing the constitution. Every member complying with these conditions is entitled to a key to the Law Library.

Lent begins this week with Ash-Wednesday. It will end with Easter, April 2d.

Harry Townsend has moved from the corner of First and Market streets, to corner of Fifth and Iron, into the Davis property.

The Normal School Base Ball Team has begun training in the gymnasium. There are many candidates from which to select a strong nine.

Users of Welsbach lamps are complaining that the mantles blacken up constantly, and shed no light. It may be that the quality of the gas has something to do with it.

WANTED:—Country Salesman with rig and $25.00 cash, thorough instrnctions free, salary $70,00 monthly and expenses.
FARNHAM LODER BLDG., PHILA.
2-9 2t.

Mrs. O. B. Mellick recently underwent a surgical operation in a Philadelphia hospital, and is rapidly improving. Mr. Mellick goes down to-day to see her, if the railroads are opened up for travel.

All the water plugs in town should be tested, to see that they are not frozen up. If a fire should break out now, it would prove very disastrous, if the firemen could not get a supply of water.

The first of a series of three games of basket ball, Bloomsburg Wheelmen and Normal School Feb. 23d. The Wheelmen have been in practice for some time, and you can expect to see a fast game.

Bucknell University has outgrown her present capacity and it is now proposed to erect a building 40x140, four stories in height, to be used as rooms for the students. The cost of the proposed improvements will be about $50,000.

G. W. Hess expects to move his residence soon from the rooms over Hess Bros' store, to the property of J. D. Shaffer on Iron street above Third. J. R. Schuyler will take the rooms vacated by Mr. Hess, and Harry Keller will move in where Mr. Schuyler now is.

The Gidding & Co. shoe store has been closed. B. A. Gidding has purchased the clothing store, and will continue to conduct it in the old stand, the Wells building. He is an active, energetic young man, and will, no doubt, make it successful.

J. M. Gidding, who retires from the firm, will engage in business in Duluth. He is a hustling business man, and his clothing store was one of the largest and best stocked in this section. When he came here some years ago he revolutionized the system of advertising that had been followed for many years by our merchants. The custom then was to place a standing advertisement in the paper and let it remain for mouths or a year without change. He changed every week, and by so doing, compelled other advertisers to do the same. This was more trouble for the newspapers, but produced much more satisfactory results for their patrons. During the six years that Mr. Gidding was engaged in trade here, we had extensive dealings with him, and found him always to be an honorable man, affable in manner, gentlemanly in conduct, and pleasant in his business relations. He has made many friends here, and the departure of himself and estimable wife will be regretted by their acquaintances. They expect to go to Duluth about March 1st.

Your Doctor Knows
Your doctor knows all about foods and medicines.
The next time you see him, just ask him what he thinks of
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. We are willing to trust in his answer.
For twenty-five years doctors have prescribed our Emulsion for paleness, weakness, nervous exhaustion, and for all diseases that cause loss in flesh.
Its creamy color and its pleasant taste make it especially useful for thin and delicate children.
No other preparation of cod-liver oil is like it. Don't lose time and risk your health by taking something unknown and untried. Keep in mind that SCOTT'S EMULSION has stood the test for a quarter of a century.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE GREAT PRE-LENTEN POEM.

Is this a fast—to keep
The larder lean and clean
From fat of veals and sheep.

Is it to quit the dish
Of flesh, yet still to fill
The platter high with fish?

Is it to fast an hour,
Or ragged to go—or show
A downcast look, and sour?

No! 'Tis a fast to dole
Thy sheaf of wheat and meat
Unto the hungry soul.

It is to fast from strife,
From old debate and hate,
To circumcize thy life

To show a heart grief-rent;
To starve thy sin, not bin—
And that's to keep thy lent.
—Herrick.

A new committee to examine law students was appointed on Monday. The admission of members of the Bar ought not be a mere form. Every requirement ought to be rigidly observed, and no man should be permitted to become a lawyer unless he passes satisfactorily the examinations prescribed by law and the rules of Court.

Mr. E. C. Wells has been in Philadelphia for several months, and is now confined to his bed by illness. A letter was received from him by his son-in-law, S. C. Creasy, this week, it being the first one he has been able to write for some time. His son, J. G. Wells, is with him. Mr. Wells is one of our most highly esteemed citizens, and his restoration to health is earnestly wished for by a large circle of friends.

It is predicted that the present will be a prosperous year among lumbermen of this state. The domestic demand for lumber for building purposes is certain to be large, while the requirements for furniture of all kinds in Cuba and Porto Rico will draw largely upon the hardwood production of the country. A busy season among the mills and factories means a prosperous time among the workingmen.

A man in the neighborhood of twenty-five years of age, whose name we were unable to learn, was ejected from Mrs. Phillips' parlor by Lawrence Tooley, one of the boarders, about half-past twelve o'clock Tuesday night. Mr. Tooley had just gone in, and striking a match discovered the intruder, who had apparently just entered, standing in the middle of the room. He said he had no intention of robbing the house or terrorizing any one, but was suffering from the bitter cold, and finding the hall door open, had stepped in to warm up.

WILSON—GARDNER.

Frank H. Wilson, son of O. T. Wilson, and Miss Katharine, only daughter of Dr. B. F. Gardner, were married at the bride's home on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. D. N. Kirkby. Only the members of the two families and a few intimate friends were present. Mr. Wilson is the manager of the Atlantic Refining Co., and his bride is one of Bloomsburg's brightest and most popular young ladies. They left on the 6:36 train for Scranton, and will go from there to New York, and other cities.

Washington Excursion.

By Philadelphia & Reading—B. & O., Royal Blue Line route, Thursday, February 23d. Special train of Standard Royal Blue Line Coaches and Pullman Parlor Cars, through without change, will leave West Milton at 8:49 a.m. (From Bloomsburg take regular train at 7:30, connecting at West Milton with special), arriving Washington 5:00 p. m. A most favorable opportunity to visit the National Capitol at very slight expense.

For tickets, parlor car seats, or any further information, apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Edson J. Weeks, Reading Terminal, Phila.

Reduction Sale.

Beginning Saturday, February 18th and continuing for one week, Hess Bros., Jewelers, will sell Silver plated hollow-ware, at twenty-five per cent discount to reduce stock.

Piano Tuning.

Will Guernsey, the piano tuner is in town, and will remain this week. Leave orders at this office.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED!—Reliable man for Manager of Branch Office I wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K. here is a good opening. Kindly mention this paper when writing. A. T. MORRIS, Cincinnati, O. Illustrated catalogue, 4 cents postage. 2-16-6t.

FOR RENT.—A desirable house, with steam and water, near Market street, on Columbia avenue.

Also, a suit of rooms, second floor, Main street, near Centre, suitable for office or housekeeping. Apply to
1-12tf L. T. SHARPLESS.

Clark's Store News.

Sheets and Pillow Cases.
The thrifty housewife can not afford to overlook this showing of Sheets and Pillow Cases, goods of the best materials torn and hemmed correctly and at less prices than the the muslins cost. Both plain hemmed and hemstitched and ready for use—when in the store ask to see them and get posted on what we are doing in this line.
Silks, Silks!
The silk market is advancing in price. Raw material is higher in price. We still offer you the following at old prices:
19 in Taffeta, plain colors 75c yd
19 in Taffeta, changeable 75c yd
19 in Taffeta, figured 75c yd
27 in black satin duchess 96c yd
20 in fancy taffeta silk $1.00 yd
24 in Colored Satins 75c yd
Dress Linings.
You know the fit of a garment depends a great deal on the linings. They must be good. This stock offers all the new and dependable kinds. Tuxedo Shrunken Ducks, Silk Cloth, looks like Lenos, English and French Hair Cloth, Linen Duck, Fine Satins, Percalines, Selicias, Bindings, of all kinds and colors, Placket buttons, etc.
Sewing Machines.
We offer you a first class Sewing Machine in every detail, the equal of any, and at a much less price. Come and see it. Get our prices. Compare it with any and then note how much money you can save.
Petticoats.
We offer you some extra good values in these goods:
Black Satine, lined, corded and ruffled $1.15
Black Satine, Umbrella, ruffled and corded, ruffled lined at $2.50
Fine Italian, with metallic figures ruffle lined and corded at $2.50
Black Satins, Deep ruffle at, $1.59
Eiderdown Dressing Sacques.
In the newest styles and colors a special lot at 75c. Better ones at $1.75 and $2.95.
Dress Goods.
We are showing good lines of Dress Materials both in black and colors of all kinds.
Black Mohairs.
We desire to call special mention to a lot of these goods that we have placed on sale at a exceedingly low prices. There is in this lot four grades at 50c, 55c, 65c, and 80c a yard.
Linens, &c.
60 in Cream Damask, all linen, 50c a yd.
60 in Cream Damask, all linen 65c yd.
72 in Bleached Damask all linen 85c yd.
70 in Bleached Damask all linen 75c. yard.
72 in Bleached Damask all linen $1.00 yd.
18 in Grey, all linen toweling 7c yd.
Barnsley all linen crash 10c yd
Big bath towels 25c pr.
Napkins at all prices.
A good counterpane hemmed at 97c.
An extra good counterpane hemmed at $1.85.
Ribbons.
If you want ribbons of any width or kind come to this stock. Both plain and shirred for trimming purposes. All the newest are here. The best grades only—poor ribbons are dear at any price.
CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.
Beginning the 15th of this Month we Place on Sale All Our Linen Goods, at a Special Price.
This sale will continue for 15 days, and will be strictly cash on the counter, as the prices will be to the buyer's advantage.
In this stock you will find Table Covers, Napkins, Towels, Counterpanes, &c. We call special notice to a lot of German Linens, in the piece, and cut to suit any customer.
The Ladies', Misses' and Children's Muslin Underwear Sale. at our special cut prices, will close this Saturday night, after which they will be on sale at all times at our regular profit sale, and will be a bargain to any lady who is in want of nice, fine and well made garments. We buy them direct from the manufacturers.
Fur, Plush and Cloth Capes, are all in our cut price list. This weather tells you one is needed to keep warm.
The $2.00 Coats are selling. We still have a few left. If you can be fit, then you make a save from $3.00 to $5.00. We have other Coats at other prices.
I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

A new reporter wrote an item in this way: A man killed a dog belonging to another man. The son of the man whose dog was killed proceeded to whip the man who killed the dog of the man he was a son of. The man who was the son of the man whose dog was killed was arrested on complaint of the man who was assaulted by the son of the man whose dog the man who was assaulted had killed.

REPAIRING
A Specialty.
—o—
If you have a watch or clock to be repaired, do not fail to bring it to us, where it will be accurately repaired by a scientific workman, who can put old, butchered watches, in perfect order, and skillfully repair the finest watch you may have. Work promptly done. Prices reasonable. All work guaranteed.
—o—
J. E. ROYS,
Jeweler.

Entertained at Price's

A large sled load of young people from Bloomsburg were entertained Tuesday night, last week, at the home of Mr. Clarence Price, Walnut street. In the party were: Misses Jannette and Margaret Sands, Mary Pursel, Gertrude Sterling, Irene Baum, Mary Lemons, Mame Vile, Mame Hudson, Messrs. Richard Pursel, Breece Kester Harry Correll, John Sterner, Charles Hartzell, Kief Warner, Curt Welliver, 'Gene Cohen and Clinton Furman.—Danville *American*.

Her Picture,
Or Anybody's Picture,
If it comes from our studio, is sure to bear the impress of the skill and care we devote to every photograph we make.
Our Prices? Just Right.
Never mind the weather.
—o—
—THE—
PHILLIPS ✻ STUDIO,
MAIN STREET.
Opposite Episcopal Rectory. 11-24

REID ON THE TREATY

The Tribune Editor Breaks the Silence of the Commission

GENEROSITY UNTO SPAIN.

Mr. Reid Said that a Criticism of the Treaty Was a Charge of Doing Too Well the Work at Hand—The Future of the Treatmnnt of the Question Remains With Congress.

New York, Feb. 13.—Hon. Whitelaw Reid, editor of the Tribune, and late peace commissioner, in his address at the complimentary banquet of the Lotus Club, said in reference to the work of the commission.

"I shall make no apology—now that the Senate has unsealed our lips—for speaking briefly of this work just happily completed.

"The only complaint one hears about it is that we did our duty too well—that in fact we made peace in terms too favorable to our own country. In all the pending discussion there seems to be no other complaint. On no other point is the treaty said by any one to be seriously defective.

"It loyally carried out the attitude of Congress as to Cuba. It enforced the renunciation of Spanish sovereignty there, but in spite of the most earnest Spanish efforts, it refused to accept American sovereignty. It loaded neither ourselves nor the Cubans with the so-called Cuban debts, incurred by Spain in the efforts to subdue them. It involved us in no complications, either in the West Indies or in the East, as to contracts or claims or religious establishments.

HON. WHITELAW REID.

"It dealt liberally with a fallen foe, giving him a generous lump sum more than covering any legitimate debts or expenditures for pacific improvements; assuming the burden of just claims against him by our own people; carrying back the armies surrendered on the other side of the world at our own cost; returning their arms; even restoring them their artillery, including heavy ordnance in field fortifications, munitions of war and the very cattle that dragged their caissons.

Had to Take Everything.

"It secured alike for Cubans and Filipinos the release of political prisoners. It scrupulously reserved for Congress the power of determining the political status of the inhabitants of our new possessions. It declared on behalf o fthe most protectionist country in the world for the policy of the open door within the Asiatic sphere of its influence.

"With all this the Senate and the country seemed content. But the treaty refused to return to Spanish rule one foot of territory over which that rule has been broken by the triumphs of our arms.

"Were we to be reproached for that? Should the Senate have told us, 'You overdid this business; you looked after the interests of your own country too thoroughly. You ought to have abandoned the great archipelago which the fortunes of war had placed at your country's disposal. You are not exactly unfaithful servants; you are too blindly unswervingly faithful. You haven't seized an opportunity to run away from some distant results of the war into which Congress plunged the country before dreaming how far it might spread. You haven't dodged for us the responsibilities we incurred.'

"That is true. When Admiral Dewey sunk the Spanish fleet and General Merritt captured the Spanish army that alone maintained the Spanish hold on the Philippines, the Spanish power there was gone, and the civilization and the common sense and the Christianity of the world looked to the power that succeeded it to accept its responsibilities. So we took the Philippines. How could men representing this country, jealous of its honor, or with an adequate comprehension either of its duty or its rights, do otherwise?

"A nation at war over a disputed boundary or some other material interest, might properly stop when that interest was secured, and give back to the enemy all else that had been taken from him. But this was not a war for any material interest. It was a war to put down a rule over an alien people which we declared so wicked and barbarous that we could no longer tolerate it. How could we consent to secure peace, after we had broken down this wicked and barbarous rule in two archipelagoes, by agreeing that one of them should be forced back under it?

"There was certainly another alternative. After breaking down the only organized government in the archipelago, the only security for life and property, native and foreign, in the great commercial centers like Manila, Iloilo, and Cebu, against hordes of uncivilized pagans and Mohammedan Malays, should we then scuttle out and leave them to their fate?

"A band of old time Norse pirates used to swooping down on a capital, capturing its rulers, seizing its treasure, burning the town, abandoning the people to domestic disorder and foreign spoliation, and promptly sailing off for another piratical foray; a band of pirates, used to that sort of thing, might no doubt have left Manila to be sacked by the insurgents, and might have fled from the Philippines. We did not think a self-respecting, civilized, responsible Christian power could.

"There was another side to it. In a conflict to which fifty years of steadily increasing provocation had driven us we had lost 266 sailors treacherously murdered on the Maine; had lost at Santiago and elsewhere uncounted victime of Spanish guns and tropical climate, and had spent in this war over $240,000,000, without counting the pensions that must still accrue under laws existing when it began.

"Where was the indemnity which under such circumstances it is the duty of the victorious nation to exact, not only in its own interest, but in the interest of a Christian civilization and the tendencies of modern international law, which require that a nation provoking unjust war shall smart for it, not merely while it lasts, but by paying the cost when it is ended?

"Spain had no money even to pay her own soldiers. No indemnity was possible, save in territory. Well, we once wanted to buy Cuba, before it had been desolated by twelve years of war and decimated by the barbarian Weyler; yet our uttermost offer for it, our highest valuation, even then, was $125,000,000—less than half the cost of our war.

We Must Act Promptly.

"But now we were precluded from taking Cuba. Puerto Rico, immeasurably less important to us, and eight hundred miles further away from our coast, is only one-twelfth the size of Cuba. Were the representatives of the United States charged with the duty of protecting not only its honor, but its interests, in arranging terms of peace, to content themselves with little Porto Rico, away off, a third of the way to Spain, and the petty reef of Guam, in the middle of the Pacific, as indemnity for an unprovoked war that had cost and was to cost their country $300,000,000?

"But, some one exclaims, the Philippines are already giving us more trouble than they are worth. It is natural to say so just now, and it is partly true. What they are worth and likely to be worth to this country in the race for commercial supremacy on the Pacific—that is to say, for supremacy in the great development of trade in the twentieth century—is a question too large to be so summarily decided, or to be entered on at the close of a dinner, and under the irritation of a Malay half-breed's folly.

"But nobody ever doubted that they would give us trouble. That is the price nations must pay for going to war, even in a just cause. I was not one of those who were eager to begin this war with Spain; but I protest against any attempt to evade our just responsibility in the position in which it has left us. We shall have trouble in the Philippines. So we shall have trouble in

"If we dawdle and hesitate and lead them to think we fear them and fear trouble, our trouble will be great. If, on the other hand, we grasp this nettle danger, if we act promptly, with inexorable vigor and with justice, it may be slight, but the graver the crisis the plainer our duty. God gives us courage to purify our politics and strengthen our government to meet these new and grave duties."

GEN. GARCIA LAID TO REST.

Impressive Funeral Cortege in Havana—American Military in Line.

Havana, Feb. 13.—The funeral of General Calixto Garcia, whose body was brought to Havana on the United States gunboat Nashville on last Thursday, and has since lain in state in the municipal chamber of the Palace, took place Saturday, the entire population of the city turning out to do honor to the dead commander. Vast crowls lined the route of the funeral procession from the City Hall to the Colon Cemetery, a distance of four miles, and throngs of men, women and children preceded and followed the cortege, which was the most sumptuous ever seen here.

Everywehre flags were flying at half mast and every flag was covered with crape, while great quantities of cloth were hung over the faces of buildings and the doorways were craped. The crowd was quiet and respectful. For the first time since the American occupation of Havana, armed Cuban troops were permitted to enter the city in a body. The participation in the funeral of the American military and naval authorities added importance and dignity to the occasion, making a deep impjression upon the populace the better classes of which were greatly pleased. The various municipal department were closed as were also many stores and factories, in order that their employes might be allowed to attend.

On an American artillery caisson, draped with black, and drawn by six black horses, came the plain black casket, ornamented with silver, containing the body of the general. Garcia's campaign Panama hat and machete rested on the top of the casket, which was draped with a Cuban flag and decorated with a wreath. After the caisson came the priests, in gold embroidered vestments, swinging incense burners and reciting prayers.

Governor General Brooke, with Generals Chaffee, Ernst and Humphreys of his staff, and the members of his advisory council, in carriages, came next, followed by the other members of the governor general's staff on horseback. Immediately following were General Ludlow, military governor of the department of Havana, and his staff, mounted; General Fitzhugh Lee, military governor of the province of Havana, mounted. Many of the populace uncovered as General Lee passed.

Along the entire line of march the street lamps were lighted as a sign of mourning.

Forty-Six Carloads of Carriage Bolts.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 13.—The Oliver Iron and Steel Company has completed an order for seven million carriage bolts and their accompanying nuts for Hibbard Spencer & Co. of Chicago. It will require forty-six freight cars to take the shipment west. The sizes range from three-sixteenths of an inch to three-quarters of an inch in diameter and from three-fourths of an inch to twelve inches in length.

Hegleman Wins the Foot Race.

New York, Feb. 13.—The international twelve-hour go-as-you-please foot race for the world's championship, which opened at the Grand Central Palace at noon Saturday, closed at midnight with the following winners: Peter Hegleman, Germany, 70 miles; Olaf Steen, Norway, 68 miles; James Dean, Boston, 67 miles 12 laps; Albert Carlsen, Sweden, 66 miles 11 laps; and Walter Pierce, Boston, 66 miles and 3 laps.

THE STORM GOES TO SEA.

It Left the United States Direct For Nova Scotia.

New York, Feb. 15.—The storm of wind and snow passed out to sea early yesterday, and its departure was marked by a rise in temperature from 8 degrees at midnight to 16 degrees at sunrise. A bright sky and a marked decrease in wind velocity sent the temperature to 20 degrees at 10 o'clock, and there was a general opening up of travel. The official weather report shows that New York City was kindly treated by the big storm. Washington was snow-bound and wind-ridden in much worse fashion than this big city. At Jacksonville they can boast of weather that was only 10 degrees above zero, and at New Orleans 6 above.

Vicksburg is proud of a record of 1 degree below and a high rate of wind. The story of Chicago and other Western cities shows that the blizzard swept its way clear over the entire country. A rising temperature and a promise from the Weather Bureau that it will continue, will bring normal conditions in all the big cities within a few days, and permit the moving of freight and rapid transit of passengers.

The Weather Bureau has officially dismissed the storm, has now placed it in Nova Scotia and promises warmer weather. Forecaster Emery says:

"The weather will continue appreciably warmer. The Atlantic coast storm has advanced to Nova Scotia, accompanied by high winds, winds of hurricane force, and heavy snow. The weather is clear in New York State and New England, and in the rest of the Coast States.

"The snow area extended from South Carolina to New England. During the past twenty-four hours Washington reports 7½ inches of snow, Philadelphia 7 and Baltimore 6. Boston has 7½ and Portland 18 inches. Albany got 13 inches. There has been a rise of 8 to 12 degrees in New England and 6 to 14 degrees in New York. In the West it has gone up 10 to 25 degrees. The coldest place in the country is Knoxville, Tenn., where it is —6!

"The South is getting a cold wave that it never before experienced. Freezing temperatures are recorded south of Tampa, where it was 24 degrees to-day. On the other hand Helena, Mont., now has 36 and Chicago 8 above. The cold in the South covers South Carolina, the Tennessee Valley, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana and northern and central Florida and Georgia. The wind reached 60 miles an hour here at two o'clock Tuesday morning. It was forty-two miles at Atlantic City, seventy-two at Woodsholl and 68 at Eastport, Me.

Ocean Liners Fought Gales Constantly

New York, Feb. 15.—The changing tide and the driving wind opened the upper bay toward noon yesterday and made it easier for the ocean liners coming into port to get to North river. There trouble began all over, for the ice was jammed into the slips on the Manhattan side as though some giant had taken a mammoth maul and hammered it between piers.

Docking was a matter of delay that wore upon the spirits of the passengers, who were already nervous and irritable because of the prolonged voyage through such trying weather. They fretted and chafed and sighed with satisfaction when the boats were finally warped in.

Among the boats to come up were the Paris of the American line, Eutruria of the Cunard line, Anchoria of the Anchor line, Algonquin of the Clyde line, and Macedonia of the Ward line.

Every captain had a tale of blow and bluster to tell. From the time the liners left the other side until they reached this shore, the ocean did nothing but rage and threaten the destruction of the ships that were upon its surface.

Three Adrift on Ice and Given Up.

Greenport, L. I., Feb. 15.—There is much excitement in this and surrounding villages over the supposed drowning of Daniel Brown, Ed. Tuthill and Herman King.

The three are young men of from 17 to 21 years of age, and all belong in East Marion. Monday they were out duck hunting, and went far on the ice field in search of sport. Toward the close of the afternoon an immence ice floe, on which the three were, separated from the shore, and then split out from the surrounding pack and, propelld by wind and wave, drifted rapidly to sea.

The occurrence was witnessed by a number of baymen, but with the wind blowing a gale of fifty miles an hour, the tide running strongly out, the day waning, and an ice-jam fringing the shore, it was deemed unsafe to venture on an attempt at rescue.

From the time darkness set in until far into the night cries for help were heard from the direction in which the last glimpse of the peopled floe had been seen.

Many Cattle Tests in New York.

Albany, Feb. 15.—Tuberculosis forms an important chapter of the annual report of the State Board of Health which was submittd to the legislature to-day.

Since January, 1898, the committee have reported the examination and tuberculin tests of 1874 cattle, of which 192 have been condemned and sixty-four destroyed. The rest were ordered quarentined.

In sixteen herds examined in which one or more animals were known to be badily diseased, over 40 per cent. were found affected. In seventeen herds examined for the Syracuse Milk Supply and where no disease was apparent by physical inspection, 4 per cent. were diseased.

In connection with the subject of diphtheria, it is said a great decrease in mortality during the past three years is noted. Our records are 6,640 in 1896, 4,117 in 1897 and 2,612 in 1898.

There were 121,000 deaths reported during the year, making a death rate of 18.10 per 1,000 of the reported population. In 1897 the death rate was 18.00 and in 1896 18.50.

Vice Gen. Finnen Dead.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 15.—The Very Rev. John Finnen, pastor of St. John's Catholic Church, Pittston, and vicar general of the Scranton diocese, died yesterday of biabetes. He was seventy-one years old.

THE FILIPINO CAUSE LOST.

The Capture of Iloilo Believed to Mark the Beginning of the End.

Washington, Feb. 15.—It is believed at the War Department that the capture of Iloilo put an end, practically, to the outbreak in the Philippines for the rebels now have no base of any consequence either in Luzon or on the Island of Panay, and the insurrection is confined to bands which, while of considerable size, are not in a position to do any great damage to American forces or to make any stand against them. The capture of Aguinaldo is the only important work remaining for Gen. Otis to do, and department officers believe that news will be received soon that it has been accomplished.

Aguinaldo is at a little place about five miles north of Caloocan. The latest advices were to the effect that he was surounded and that his escape into the interior was not possible. He has a force with him, but nobody seems to know how large it is. With his capture, the insurgents will disperse, and the administration hopes that after that it will be possible to convince the inhabitants of the islands, who can be readily reached, that the American purpose is beneficent.

The most difficult work which has come before the administration is that of disabusing the minds of the Filipinos of the impression which has been conveyed by the intemperate utterances of opponents of the treaty of peace in the United States Senate and elsewhere. It was said at the State Department that those utterances had gone far to embarrass President McKinley.

It has been assumed by Senator Hoar and his Democratic associates that the only control contemplated by the United States was a control by force of arms, and that our dominion of the Philippines was to be little better than that of Spain, which it succeeds. At least, that is the impression which has been conveyed by their speeches to minds unacquainted with Americans.

The Filipinos appear to desire some form of self-government, but their idea of self-government is different from that of Senator Hoar.

It is said at the State Department that there is little likelihood of the United States attempting to interfere with the customs or the comforts of any Filipino tribe, and that to all intents and purposes the natives of the islands will be free, save so far as is necessary for their own protection at the hands of the United States.

ANTHRACITE COAL DEAL.

Consolidation Looking to the Control of Carrying Rates and Output.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 15.—The move which is on foot for combining under one head the most prominent individual coal operators of Lackawanna and Luzerne counties has already been joined by the following collieries: Forty Fort Coal Company, capital $200,000; Babylon Coal Company, capital $100,000; Egerton Coal Company, capital $200,000; Mt. Lookout Coal Company, capital $120,000; Northwest Coal Company, capital, $100,000; Sterreck Creek Coal Company, capital $100,000; Summit Coal Company, capital $150,000.

These companies will form the nucleus of the combine, and others will be added as soon as the arrangements are completed.

C. P. O'Malley of Willard, Warren & Knapp, attorneys for Simon & Watkins, who are engineering the move, is now in this city looking up the titles of properties that the syndicate has its eye on.

There is a rumor that the Morgan syndicate is behind the new movement, but the men interested deny this positively. Thomas H. Watkins of Simpson & Watkins, when asked about the movement, said he was not yet prepared to talk, but soon would be in a position to make all the facts known. The object of the combination is to inaugurate more direct and decisive competition against the coal carrying roads which now control the coal output.

Breaking World's Records.

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—After riding all night in the six-day bicycle race, maintaining his lead during all the early hours of the contest, Tom Barnaby was compelled to dismount and change wheels, losing his lead and allowing Miller, Stevens, Gimm, Waller, Pierce and Nawn to gain three laps and Lawson two laps over him. Chapman, who had paired with Barnaby, sustained a severe fall, and his managers decided to let him have a short nap. World's records continued to fall during the night and the early morning hours. At the ninth hour Miller led—one mile and three-quarters ahead of his own record, with Aronson, Pierce, Waller, Gimm, Stevens, Frederick and Nawn tied. In the next hour Frederick and Aronson dismounted, and at the tenth hour Miller, Stevens, Gimm, Waller, Pierce and Nawn went over the tape in the order named, with 202 miles, 556 yards to their credit, lowering Miller's New York record of 201 miles, 39 yards, made in 1897.

Fatal Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Frozen water plugs prevented the fire department getting a stream on the flames that started in the seven-story brick warehouse at Nos. 10 to 24 West Water street and resulted in $250,000 damage.

Owing to the heroic efforts of Eddie Lowe, an office boy, several people were saved from being burned to death. The lad spread the alarm from floor to floor and not until he thought that every one had made good his escape did he leave the structure.

A Powder Explosion Kills One.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 15.—One man was killed and five seriously injured in a powder explosion at the powder works near Moss Grove. The name of the man killed is not known.

The injured are Juan Ferrio, Samuel Ferrio, Anthony Velt Anthony Carros and Frederick Devish.

All will recover except Juan Ferrio, whose injuries are fatal.

Well Known Clergyman Dead.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 15.—The Rev. Dr. J. Clement French, pastor of the Park Presbyterian Church, this city, president of the Christian Endeavor Society of New Jersey, and one of the best known clergymen in the East, died at his residence yesterday.

Heart failure, superinduced by grip caused death.

Heroes of the War with Spain

thousands of them, are suffering from lingering diseases induced by life in poisonous southern camps, the result of changes of climate, or of imperfect nutrition caused by improper and badly cooked food. Sleeping on the ground has doubtless developed rheumatism in hundreds who were predisposed to the disease. In such cases the Boys of '98 may take a lesson from the experience of the

Heroes of the Civil War.

Hundreds of the Boys of '63 have testified to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in driving out malaria, rheumatism and other diseases contracted during their days of hardship and privation in the army. These pills are the best tonic in the world.

Asa Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is a veteran of the Civil war, having served in the 83rd Pennsylvania Volunteers. He went to the war a vigorous farmer's boy and came back broken in health, a victim of sciatic rheumatism. Most of the time he was unfitted for manual labor of any kind, and his sufferings were at all times intense. He says: "Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had not taken more than half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition, and I keep on improving steadily. To them I owe my restoration to health. They are a grand remedy."—*Mt. Sterling Democrat-Message.*

At all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cts. per box, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Box V, Schenectady, N.Y.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

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IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

When you want to look on the bright side of things, use

SAPOLIO

No fewer than 2401 patents have been taken out on process for making sugar and salt.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

DOCTORED NINE YEARS FOR TETTER.—Mr James Gaston of Wilkes-Barre Pa., writes: "For nine yeare I was disfigured with Tetter on my hands and face. At last I have found a cure in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It helped me from the first application, and now I am permanently cured."—18.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

In Palestine the swallows are allowed not only the freedom of the houses and living-rooms, but of the mosques and tombs, where they build their nests and rear their young.

WHAT'S THE TROUBLE!—Is it Sick Headache?—Is it Billiousness?—Is it Sluggish Liver?—Is your Skin sallow?—Do you feel more dead than alive? Your system needs toning—Your Liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10c for 40 doses, will work wonders for you.—19.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

DOES COFFE AGREE WITH YOU?—If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package to-day from your grocer. 15c. and 25c. 2 2d4t.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Norway has a law dealing with cremation. According to the act, every person over fifteen years of age can be cremated after death if he or she has made a declaration in the presence of two witnesses. For those under fifteen a declaration on the part of the parents is necessary.

MANY SCHOOL CHILDREN ARE SICKLY.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach troubles Teething disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy N. Y. 2-16-4t-d

The Swedish mile is the longest mile in the world. A traveler in Sweden, when told that he is only about a mile from a desired point, had better hire a horse, for the distance he will have to walk, if he choose in his ignorance to adopt that mode of travel, is exactly 11,700 yards.

HAVE YOU CATARRH TAINT?—Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a victim of Chronic Catarrh—tried many remedies but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short whie I was absolutely cured." James Headley, Dundee, N. Y.—17.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR FREE PHILIPPINES

The McEnery Resolution Passes The Senate, 26 to 22.

SENATOR HOAR VOTES "NO"

Senator Stewart Says We Should Hold the Philippines and Render the United States Independent in Securing Tropical Products and Save $250,000,000.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—In accordance with agreement the Senate met at 11 o'clock a. m. yesterday. There were only nine senators present, and the absence of the chaplain made it necessary to proceed without formal prayer. By the time the reading of the journal had been concluded the original number present had been doubled, and Mr. Stewart took the floor to make a speech in opposition to the McEnery resolution declaratory of the policy of this country toward the inhabitants of the Philippines.

The resolution introduced by Senator McEnery on Monday, February 6, the day on w h ich the peace treaty was ratified, declares that "by the ratification of the peace treaty it is not intended to incorporate the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands into United States citizenship, nor to annex permanently the islands as part of the territory of the United States, but to establish a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants to prepare them for local self-government, and in due time to make such disposition of the islands as will best promote the interests of the United States and of the inhabitants."

He expressed the opinion that whatever the United States might do it would not follow the policy indicated by the resolution. This country was under no obligation to go to the expense of establishing a government for the islands; the United States was not in the business of capturing countries, educating their people and then selling them.

On the contrary, he thought we should hold the Philippines, and thus render the United States independent of other countries in the production of tropical products, which must otherwise be a source of great expense. Now it costs $250,000,000 to secure these products, and why should we not hold those islands and produce our own fruits and sugars?

Mr. Lindsay said the time was inauspicious to adopt resolutions bearing upon the subject of the government of the Philippines, but said if any expression was to be given it should be unmistakable in terms.

Mr. Lindsay offered a substitute reciting that the acquisition of territory carried with it no constitutional obligation to admit it to the Union as states. Mr. Lindsay gave notice that he would ask the Senate to vote upon his resolution as soon as the Senate had acted on the McEnery resolution.

Mr. Bacon spoke in opposition to the McEnery resolution.

Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts was opposed to the McEnery resolution. It was, he held, an infamous declaration—a declaration simply that the Louisiana sugar planters should never be afraid of the competition of the Philippine islands. Mr. Hoar made a defense of Aguinaldo.

"I do not see," said Mr. Hoar, with feeling, "how any A merican heart, not of tone, could fail to recognize the force of his appeal."

Mr. Mason said that he voted for the treaty with the understanding that there should be no further war in the Philippines.

The Senate passed the McEnery resolution 26 to 22.

President's Trip.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—It was said at the White House that the storm probably would not interfere with the president's trip to Boston as guest of the Home Market Club, at its banquet next Thursday.

The president and party will leave here this evening if the trains are running. Secretary Gage, who is in Chicago, has been asked by the president to meet the party in Boston without first coming to Washington.

Relief of Washington's Poor.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—The price of the necessities of life has risen greatly and much suffering is reported among the poor in this city. The charitable organizations are doing all they can.

The president sent a check for $100 to one of the relief organizations; the British members of the high joint commission contributed liberally, and the husband of Julia Arthur, the actress, who is playing here, sent a check for $1,000 for relief of the poor.

Poisoned Candy in Plot to Kill.

Uniontown, Pa., Feb. 15.—Karl Norcross, a prominent young man of this place, was arrested last night on a charge of hiring men to poison his little brother, Allen, 10 years old, who lives with his uncle, Mr. Jarrett, at West Newton.

Norcross last night took poison in his cell and was discovered unconscious by the guard. Physicians despair of saving him.

The motive for the alleged attempt at murder is said to be Norcross's desire to get possession of his brother's estate, which amounts to about $12,000.

The arrest of Norcross was made on the confessions of John Devlin and Sylvester Hetterman, who say they were hired to poison the boy. Devlin and Norcross went to West Newton last November with poisoned candy, which Devlin had been hired to deliver to the boy, but backed out after Norcross left him.

National Monument to Lincoln.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—The Lincoln Club of Chicago has adopted resolutions favoring the organization of a National Lincoln Memorial Association, and a committee, which includes Senator Mason and Congressman Lorimer has been appointed to secure funds.

The resolutions call attention to the condition of the Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ill., and say "it is a disgrace to this nation that the great war presiden has no recognition in a national monument to his memory."

A New Library For the State College.

Mr. Carnegie's offer to give $100,000.00 for the erection of a Library Building for the use of The Pennsylvania State College has attracted very wide and favorable comment. The only condition attached to his offer is that the State shall provide a sufficient sum for its annual maintainance. Mr. Carnegie says:

The College is doing such great work for the State that I do not think any individual should contribute money to it for additional buildings, unless the State agrees to maintain them. It is a duty which the State owes to its bright young men who attend the College of their own State instead of going to other States for their education. Born Peunsylvanians, they grow up Pennsylvanians."

In this connection Pennsylvanians will be especially interested to note:—

FIRST. That the State of Pennsylvania, in 1863, accepted a grant of lands from the the United States in consideration of which it bound itself by public covenant to maintain its State College.

SECOND. That every other State in the Union accepted a similar grant on the same conditions.

THIRD. That thirty-five of these States make larger appropriations for the maintainance of their State College, in proportion to the wealth of the State, than Pennsylvania does.

FOURTH. That The Pennsylvania State College is the only institution in the State entitled to such support, and is, in no sense, a local institution, 57 counties out of the 67 being this year represented among its students, and it has a reputation for thoroughness of work second to none in the country.

It is doubtless known to our readers that the law of Congress relating to the State College forbids the use of any portion of the United States funds for the erection or maintainance of buildings which, accordingly, must be provided by the State. Mr. Carnegie's proposed gift is therefore a direct contribution to the State of Pennsylvania for the benefit of the one College which the State has pledged itself to maintain.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

ARE YOU USING ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE?—Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Damp, Sweating, Swollen Feet. At all druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy N. Y. 2-16-4t-d

Mrs. Julia Dent Grant, widow of General Grant, is now more than 70 years old, and having grown quite feeble, rarely leaves her Washington home. Her sight is rapidly failing.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, the undersigned, administratrix of John Barber, late of Fishingcreek Twp., in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, '99,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate: All that certain lot of ground, situated in Stillwater, Fishingcreek township, county and state aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of Moses McHenry, on the east by land of William Smith on the south by public road and on the west by land of Moses McHenry, being about forty feet front on public road and sixteen feet deep, on which is erected a two-story

FRAME WAGON SHOP.

At the same time and place the administratrix will sell a two-story frame building, twenty by thirty-six feet, used as a paint shop, standing on ground of Moses McHenry. Said administratrix will also sell, at the same time and place, the following described personal property: One boiler and engine, one chopper, one turning lathe and bits, shafting and bolts, paint room contents, one gig saw, one-half interest in a wheelbarrow, one bed and bedding, one table, vinegar and barrel.

TERMS OF SALE—For Real Estate:—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the balance to be paid within six months. Possession given April first next, providing one-fourth of the purchase money be paid at that time. Deed at the expense of the purchaser. All personal property on the premises reserved.

TERMS OF SALE—For Personal Property:—All purchases under $5.00, cash; for all over $5.00, a note with approved security will be required, payable within six months.

HARRIET BARBER,
Admx. of John Barber, dec'd.

GRANT HERRING, Atty.

At the same time and place will sell her individual property, as follows: One horse, wagon and harness, one pair of new bob-sleds and rims, three circular saws and bench, about two or three thousand feet of prime, dry wood, for wagon making purposes; a lot of worked wood of the same character, one cart, a boring machine, two work benches and vise, one grindstone and bench, and a variety of tools and patterns, suitable for a wheelwright shop.

TERMS OF SALE:—All purchases under $5.00 cash; for all over $5.00, note with approved security, payable within six months.

1-19 HARRIET BARBER.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF—

BLOOM POOR DISTRICT,

For the year ending January 2, 1899.

J. K GROTZ, Treasurer, DR.

Amt in hands of Treas last settlement.	$	53 39
Amt received from all sources		7222 39
	$	7275 78

J. K. GROTZ, Treasurer, CR.

By salary as per last settlem't	$ 148 88	
By orders redeemed, old	90 63	
By orders redeemed, new	5705 13	
	$	5944 64
	$	1331 14
By note paid in bank	$ 115 00	
By note paid in bank	500 00	
		615 00
By bal in hands of Treas		716 14
By commission		131 19
Balance due district	$	584 95

RECAPITULATION—RECEIPTS.

J M Rote, collector	$	242 22
L D Case, collector		3166 43
A M Hess, collector		228 14
S Y Mather, collector		536 32
J K Bittenbender		539 83
C E Hartman, collector		765 78
Discount		492 42
Farm		61 24
Kile property		76 15
Yocum		37 20
C Kester		91 25
County Treasurer		70 49
Berwick Poor District		79 80
Hemlock Poor District		5 40
Northumberland Co poor Dist		13 10
Salem Poor District		29 00
Danville Poor District		18 00
Ross Twp Poor District		5 00
Orange Twp Poor District		3 50
Montour Poor District		6 90
Perry County		5 50
Albertson		103 83
Conner		85 00
C R Henrie		3 24
Mouty		5 40
Kester		12 25
	$	7322 39

COLLECTOR'S ACCOUNTS.

J K Bittenbender, duplicate 1896	$	3118 59
Amount paid		2869 10
Amount due	$	279 49
L D Kase, duplicate 1897	$	3494 98
Amount paid		2969 47
Amount due	$	525 51
L D Kase, duplicate 1898	$	4062 48
Amount paid		1903 28
Amount due	$	2159 20
J M Rote, duplicate 1898	$	245 64
Amount paid		161 98
Amount due	$	83 66
C E Hartman, duplicate 1898	$	831 29
Amount paid		400 00
Amount due	$	431 29
S Y Mather, duplicate 1898	$	668 18
Amount paid		243 14
Amount due	$	425 04
Aaron M Hess, duplicate 1898	$	351 20
Amount paid		83 03
Amount due	$	268 17

We, the undersigned auditors of the Bloom Poor District, find the above account correct, and so aprove them.

J. M. PERRY,
P. H. FREEZE,
B. E. KARSHNER, } Auditors.

DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL.

Jesse Kelley, 52 1-7 wks @ $1.75		$91 25
L Z Kahler, " " "		91 25
Aliza w Sterner " " "		91 25
Carrie Turrell " " "		91 25
Jno W Osman " " "		91 25
W. M. Kester " " "		91 15
Eliza F Smith " " "		91 25
Reuben Kester 20 " " "		35 00
	$	673 75

HARRISBURG STATE HOSPITAL.

Mary A shortess, 3 wks @ $1.75		5 25
	$	5 25

SALARIES AND FEES.

Dr J C Rutter	$	100 00
Dr Redeker		6 25
Dr Robbins		7 00
Dr Wolf		5 00
Dr Bierman		6 00
W H Snyder (Atty)		130 75
J W Mather, V S		5 00
J D Warner		6 00
Isaiah Hagenbuch		10 00
M H Rhodes		100 00
C R Cox		75 00
O T Wilson		25 00
P A Kline		650 00
Thos Webb		100 00
	$	1316 00

EXPENSES OF ALMSHOUSE.

Prrovisions and supplies	$	440 02
Fuel and light		52 14
Clothing and shoes		122 39
Tinware, jars, etc		27 28
Dry goods		106 06
Medical supplies		27 84
Hardware		44 10
Wagons, implements, repairs		39 94
Manure, phosphate and lime		170 36
Blacksmithing		43 15
Ordinary repairs		6 70
Weighing		1 60
New ground		139 69
Dynamite and fuse		32 85
Tobacco		31 80
Seeds		29 50
Sundry small bills		5 75
Machine oil		1 00
Building and repairs		53 01
Lumber		1 40
Oilcloth		3 97
Barbed wire		16 88
Binder twine		14 49
Screens		7 25
Repairs on furnace		13 05
Harness repairs		12 55
Extracting teeth		2 00
1 cow		35 00
1 cow and calf		35 00
1 hog		10 00
	$	1526 18

OUTSIDE RELIEF.

Tickets and meals for tramps		17 51
A. Y. Hess		22 39
Jno. Arndt		5 65
Mrs. McMichael		3 60
Samuel Farver		10 00
D. Renner		75 00
Mrs Herrington		18 25
D. Ball		21 25
Mrs. Mathews		43 10
A. Smith		9 00
Witmer Gewling		12 00
Mrs. Eckenroth		28 25
E. Fowler		99 32
Hannah Shannon		18 45
H. Smith		39 00
Jno. McCormick		31 50
Jas. Laycock		12 50
Mrs. A. Evans		54 25
J Renner		16 34
Geo. Ivey		34 30
F. W. Lewis		5 25
Mrs. Adams		50 25
D. Bowman		4 50
Chas. Hall		5 50
I. N. Miller		28 79
Wm. Printz		16 60
Mrs. Mcdowell		121 35
Jos. Eck keeping Long child		36 00
Mrs. Reynolds		100 29
Isaiah Millard		14 50
E. B. Michael		7 50
Mrs. Hall		2 60
Mrs. Wertman		25 50
Jonas Miller		5 60
Geo. Samuels		72 00
Lucas Roan		26 05
C. H. Johnson		5 85
R. Long		14 00
D. Mowrey		11 00
Jno. Shaffer		2 00
Mrs. Campbell		2 00
Wm. Fritz		2 25
D. J. Johnson		3 00
Mrs. Greenfield		1 50
Mrs. Berringer		6 00
A. Sober		2 00
Minerva May		3 60
Mrs. Dan Hall		1 00
William Baylor		1 50
Ella Johnson		28 35
E. C. Thomas		52 25
Wm. Brooking		2 50
Jno. Brandt		1 50
T. Swisher		16 00
L. Hildebrandt		13 45
Jno. Magill		11 00
W. Yohe		10 25
M. Bowers		10 00
Levi Hall		4 00
S. Millard		2 00
Jno. Whitmer		7 10
Jno. Stiner		23 40
Henry Stookey		37 50
Clark Crevelling		5 00
Sallie Long		4 12
Stephen Hill (colored)		18 75
Anna Muffley		7 50
N. Bayliss		4 60
Jno. Henson		7 10
Mrs. Anderson		2 60
Wm. Smith		10 35
Samuel Hardy		2 90
J. Fisher		2 60
Mrs. Harley		7 05
E. Jacoby		16 00
Geo. Trump		21 50
Wm. Fedder		7 00
Mrs. Watts		5 00
Mrs. Cadow		1 50
J. Reeser		2 00
Mrs. Bucy		111 00
E. H. Dayton		5 60
J. D. Miller		26 76
Sallie Berger		8 50
Ann Parker		4 25
Chas Remley		7 00
J. Artz		9 10
Miss Coats		1 50
Elmer Hopper		24 25
O. P. Swisher		4 50
G. W. Pursell		3 50
Sallie Yogar		5 00
Ellen Shoemaker		3 85
Mrs Barnett		1 50
J. H. Eyerly		5 70
Mrs. Stills		4 50
	$	1795 13
Less discount on coal		3 05
Total outside		1791 63

SUNDRY EXPENSES.

Orders of relief	$	41 00
Expenses for other districts		59 74
Traveling expenses		38 01
Printing		52 50
Auditing statement for 1897		12 00
Clothing for Geo Evans, at Elwyn		21 00
Telegrams, freight, &c		10 14
Entering judgm'ts, costs &c.		15 71
Exps for Raymond Kleckner		30 00
Gal iron box for papers		3 50
Stationery and postage		6 61
Notice of election of directors		3 00
Discount on note		7 58
Insurance on almshouse		27 00
Expenses for Mrs Shortess		26 94
Tax on Kile property		3 30
Funeral expense Fedder child		10 00
" " Brooking "		20 00
" " Landus watts		15 00
" " Mrs Yogar		19 00
" " Lucas noan		17 00
" " Han Shannon		15 00
" " Chas Hock		22 00
	$	475 63
Total expense for year	$	5788 34

We, the undersigned auditors of the Bloom Poor District, having examined the above accounts, find them correct, as above stated.

P. H. FREEZE,
J. W. PERRY,
B. E. KARSHNER, } Auditors.

PRODUCTS OF FARM FOR 1898.

326 bushels wheat	$	251 02
402 " oats		196 80
18 " rye		8 10
54 " buckwheat		29 70
1200 " corn ears		360 00
313 " potatoes		187 20
30 " sweet corn		24 00
6 " onions		3 00
2 " beans		2 00
7 " beets		2 50
15 " turnips		3 75
7.6 tons hay		540 00
1500 heads cabbage		30 00
1700 pounds pork		85 00
400 pounds lard		24 00
207 dozen eggs		31 05
25 sheats		50 00
1 calf		7 00
9 lambs		45 00
6 turkeys		9 00
100 chickens		40 00
400 pounds butter		72 00
100 cords wood		150 00
2 heifers		60 00
4300 sheaves corn fodder		120 00
	$	2186 42

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

Balance Bloom dup., 1896	$	579 49
" " " 1897		72 51
" " " 1898		2059 20
" Millville " 1898		83 66
" Scott " 1898		431 29
" Greenwd " 1898		425 04
" Sugarl'f " 1898		268 17
	$	4372 36
Farm and buildings	$	12000 00
4 horses		350 00
4 cows		150 00
4 heifers		120 00
1 calf		7 00
7 steers		210 00
18 sheep		65 00
100 chickens		40 00
8 turkeys		16 00
19 shoat		38 00
2 sows and pigs		35 00
1 seed hog		12 00
2 brood sows		20 00
Harness		100 00
98 bushels wheat		75 46
305 bushels oats		82 00
35 tons hay		315 00
800 bushels corn ears		160 00
80 bushels potatoes		48 00
700 pounds meat in pickle		56 00
350 pounds lard		21 50
15 tons coal		42 50
1900 sheaves corn fodder		57 00
100 cords wood		150 00
1 binder		100 00
2 heavy wagons		100 00
1 spring wagon		40 00
20 acres wheat in ground		160 00
7 acres rye in ground		56 00
Furniture in almshouse		250 00
Furniture in steward's bldg		300 00
Sundry farm implements		500 00
400 pounds wheat flour		8 55
275 pounds buckwheat flour		3 00
	$	15688 01
	$	20060 37

OCCUPANTS OF ALMSHOUSE.

No. paupers at last report	14	
Admitted during year	11	
		25
Discharged during year	11	
Remaining at end of year	14	
		25
Number from Bloom	2	
" " Greenwood	9	
" " Scott	2	
" " Sugarloaf	1	
		14

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
M. H. RHODES,
C. R. COX, } Directors.
THOMAS WEBB, Secretary. 29

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County the undersigned administrator's c. t. a. d. b. n., will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, MARCH 4TH., 1899,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon the following described farm and tract of land situate in Briarcreek township said county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone thence by lands of Isaiah Bower and Reuben Sitler, north 48¼ degrees east 92 perches to a stone, thence by lands of the said Reuben Sitler north 21¾ degrees west 195-10 perches to a stone in middle of Public Road thence along the same north 88¼ degrees east 25 5-10 perches to a corner in middle of Public Road, thence by lands of Sarah Sitler north 2¼ degrees east 40 3-10 perches to a stone, thence north 9 degrees west 59 perches to a stone, thence by land of Philip Sponenberg south 73 degrees west 106 5-10 perches to a corner, thence by lands of Emanuel Yost and Mrs. Catherine Lamon south 9 degrees east 151 8-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 79 acres of land, more or less, on which is erected a story and a half

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and a large bank barn and other outbuildings.

The land is in a good state of cultivation, having two good orchards with a spring convenient to the buildings. The farm is located about four miles from Berwick and about one and a half miles from the Evansville Post Office, and is conveniently located with regard to stores and churches.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money at the striking down of the property, the balance of the one-fourth at the confirmation nisi., and the remaining three fourths in one year with interest from the confirmation of the same. Possession will be given April 1st, 1899 providing one-fourth of the purchase money is paid at that time. Deed at the expense of the purchaser and all personal property on premises and grain in the ground reserved.

W. H. SITLER, } Adminstrator's c.t.a.d.b.n
JOHN H. SITLER, } of Levi Sitler, deceased.
2-9 ts. GRANT HERRING, Atty.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF AARON BOONE, LATE OF SCOTT TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of the executors and to make distribution to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit for the purposes of his appointment at his office on North West corner of Main and Market streets in Bloomsburg, Pa., at 10 o'clock a. m., Thursday, February 23, 1899. All persons having claims against said estate will present them or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund. J. B. ROBISON,
1-26 4t. Auditor.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the undersigned, and to all persons to whom it may concern, that he will apply to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth, on Monday, May 1st, 1899, at three o'clock p. m., of said day, at which time any person having any objection to his final discharge as an insolvent debtor can appear and make the same known. MICHAEL DAILY.
W. H. MAGILL, Atty. 2-9-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LEVI SITLER, LATE OF BRIARCREEK TWP., DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, d. b. n. c. t. a., on the estate of Levi Sitler, late of Briarcreek Twp., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to JOHN H. SITLER,
W. H. SITLER,
2-2-6t ADMRS., D. B. N. C. T. A.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DR. WM. GRAYDON, LATE OF BLOOMSBURG, PA., DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Dr. William Graydon, late of Bloomsburg, Pa. deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
2 2-6t* ADMINISTRATOR.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIAS DREIBELBIS LATE OF MT. PLEASANT TWP., DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elias Dreibelbis, late of Mt. Pleasant Twp., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to A. W. DREIBELBIS,
1-25-6t ADMINISTRATOR.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets. 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

J. HOWARD PATTERSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Rooms 4 and 5. Peacock bldg
Telephone 1463. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.,
3-70-1 BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.
SURGEON.
GENERAL SURGERY, SURGERY OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Over Farmer's National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-10 98.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. / 1 to 3 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection.

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,29
Penn'a. Phila	400,000	3,822,160	1,419,51
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,62
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	425,7
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,720,689	2,364,72

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS,
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bat rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

SHOE DRESSINGS

—FOR—

RUSSET ✻ OR ✻ BOX ✻ CALF ✻ SHOES.

Wholesale or Retail.
Gross or Dozen.

W. C. McKINNEY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

NO. 8 EAST MAIN ST.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in this section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons. 1-5

SALES.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4TH. W. H. and John H. Sitler, administrators of Levi Sitler, deceased, will sell a valuable farm in Briarcreek township, at 10 o'clock a. m. See advertisement.

At the same time and place will be sold a lot of grain, pork, chickens, farm utensils, household goods, &c.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10. — L. K. Hartman, of Berwick, will sell at public sale, at the farm of Reuben Kisner's estate, in Salem Twp., Luzerne county, a lot of personal property, consisting of horses, cows, cultivators, plows, harrows, etc. Sale to commence at 10 a. m.

NOTES FROM ESPY.

Mrs. H. B. Angle is seriously ill at this writing.

M. R. Miller visited Catawissa on Thursday last.

Mrs. E. Fowler and Mrs. John Hummel attended the funeral of Miss Gertrude Hamlin at Moosic, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ammerman are visiting in Lycoming county. Mr. Ammerman has closed his meat market, having decided to retire from that business.

Rev. Minemier commenced his revival services on Sunday evening, in the Lutheran church.

A pleasant sleighride to Berwick, was enjoyed by a party consisting of the younger element of our town on Saturday.

Bishop Stanford of Harrisburg, occupied the pulpit of the Evangelical church on Sunday night.

J. C. Creveling has been indisposed through sickness during the past week.

The Catawissa Band will give one of their celebrated concerts in the Town Hall this Saturday eve.

Elmer Brobst of Bloomsburg, visited with his father-in-law, Lemuel Mood, on Sunday.

The Odd Fellows have in preparation a grand musical treat, to be held in their hall on Friday night of next week. The doors will be thrown open to all Odd Fellows and friends of the Order.

D. E. Miller, our popular barber, is the owner of a brand new infant calf, which it seems came into this world at a most inopportune time, for the weather of the past week has been of such a nature as to cause Birt considerable trouble in caring for the addition to his stock. It seems the atmosphere on one particular night last week was so beastly cold that the poor thing was totally unable to endure it, and Birt was compelled to convey it to comfortable quarters behind the stove in his shop. Here he tenderly cared for it, giving it at frequent intervals a swallow of brandy, which seemed to resuscitate it wonderfully. At latest reports the animal was doing very well.

LIVED WITH NECK BROKEN.

Bradford County Man Survived Thirty Years After Accident.

Contrary to the generally-accepted idea, it seems that a man may survive after his neck is broken. The Towanda *Review* says that the other day Joseph Bull died at Liberty Corners, Bradford county, at the age of 81 years. He lived for almost 30 years after having his neck broken in a runaway accident, and engaged in his usual vocation as a farmer. In June 1872, Mr. Bull, who was a large and heavy man, was thrown from his wagon and terribly injured. The late Dr. D. S. Pratt attended him and gave it as his opinion that the bones of the neck were fractured. Mr. Bull recovered, however, but his head was thrown forward upon his breast and his neck was stiff. Physicians who examined him recently were of the opinion that his iliness was caused by a pressure upon the spinal cord, the result of his old injury and that he had really lived since 1872 with a broken neck.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT.

—Lehigh and Rutgers will open the base ball season at Bethlehem on March 25.

—Howard Earl has signed a brother of Mike Tiernan to play right field for his Utica club.

—It looks very much as though Wilkes-Barre will be without professional base ball this season. The attendance at last season's games was discouraging.

—Denny Long asserts that Scranton has guaranteed to turn out 80,000 paid admissions to the Atlantic League the coming season, and says Wilkes-Barre is a good base ball town.

—Lehigh will have two games of base ball with Yale, three with Lafayette, two with Pennsylvania, and two with Cornell this summer. The team will also take an extended Southern trip.

—The proposed six-round bout between Sharkey and Corbett, scheduled to take place at Chicago March 7, has been declared off, owing to the opposition of Mayor Harrison. In speaking of the affair the Mayor said "small pugs could have an occasional 'go' in that city, but the larger pugs could not."

—George Splain, formerly of town, now traveling under the name of "Kid Tracy," made quite a reputation for himself at Pittsburg Friday night, by knocking a well known and successful pugilist, by the name of McDay, down five times in one round. He was taken in by a leading sporting man of that city, and now stands ready to meet all comers at 122 pounds.

—A cocking main has been arranged between Bernard Duffy, of Branchdale, and John Dolbin, of Forrestville, for a purse of $200 a side, to take place the 24th inst., near Ashland. There is considerable speculation among the sporting fraternity on the result of the coming contest. Most of Dolbin's chickens will come from Centralia. The main will consist of nine battles.

OBSERVATIONS.

—Lent began yesterday.

—The cold snap was a big business boom for plumbers.

—The weather hasn't as yet affected the Senatorial contest.

—The clerks have been having an easy time for the past week.

—Milkmen, like the trains, have been late for several mornings.

—Liverymen are the only people who rejoice in this kind of weather.

—The past week has been an excellent reminder of the old-fashioned winters.

—It is said that the snow is drifted ten feet high along the road near Lightstreet.

—When the thermometer stands at zero, ice freezes an inch and a half in twenty four hours.

—Owners of flat roofed buildings have had troubles of their own this week, by reason of the water soaking through and ruining plaster.

STATE NEWS.

—Rev. Father John Finnen, of Pittston, vicar general of the Catholic diocese, of Scranton, died at two o'clock on Tuesdoy. He was very popular and highly esteemed.

—Jacob Conrad, of Northumberland, a young married man, who was employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was killed by the cars in the yards at Sunbury Monday morning.

—A disastrous fire, by which many thousands of dollars worth of property went up in smoke, occurred at Miner's Mills, a short distance above Wilkes-Barre, on Tuesday. The principal loser is David H. Tasker.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Halpin, wife of John Halpin, of Coatesville, died at noon Tuesday at the general hospital at Lancaster from burns inflicted by her husband on Saturday night. She refused to talk about the matter. Her husband is under arrest at Coatesville. It is said he threw a lighted lamp at her.

The blizzard did little or no damage to the Telephone Company's lines in town.

CONVENT DEDICATED.

Impressive Ceremonies at the Beaver Mansion. To be Known as Convent of the Holy Family. Sister Catherine, of Danville, Chosen Superior.

The new chapel at the Convent of the Holy Family, as the Beaver Mansion will henceforth be known, was dedicated last week, Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, with solemn and impressive ceremonies. Some twenty sisters, including Mother Regina, from the Mother House, at Wilkes-Barre, attended the ceremonies. The chapel and main building were blessed by the Very Rev. Peter Nagle, assisted by several priests, Administrator Koch being absent. The ceremony of dedication was followed with a solemn High Mass, Rev. James A. Huber of this city being the celebrant, with Rev. William Koeper and Rev. Henry Disselkamp, deacons. Rev. Peter Christ of Scranton was the Master of Ceremonies. A choir of sisters sang the mass. After mass the benediction of the blessed sacrament was given, at the close of which the Te Deum was sung. In the Sanctuary were the following priests: Very Rev. Peter Nagle and Henry Dislekamp, of Wilkes Barre, Rev. William Koeper, of Williamsport, Rev. Peter Christ, of Scranton and Rev. M. I. O'Reilley of this city.

Sister Catherine, whose labors have lain in this city for nearly twenty-five years, was chosen Superior of the new Convent. Rev. James A. Huber will act as chaplain of the institution, assisted by another priest yet to be chosen.

The portion of the main building, fitted up as a chapel, lies in the west wing, on the first floor. It is furnished with an altar of beautiful design, built by Kloster & Co., of New York. There is also a set of very handsome vestments, which were used for the first time Tuesday.

Quite a few alterations have been made about the premises. The second building has been fitted up as a work or sewing room. This, as well as the main building, is heated by hot water. The system of heating formerly employed in the mansion was that of hot air. This was thrown out and hot water introduced by the present owners.—*Danville American.*

BELLEFONTE'S ACTIVITY.

Manufactories Are to be Enlarged and Much Additional Labor Employed.

A special telegram to the *Times* of February 11 says:

From positive indications Bellefonte is assured of a very big business boom. A new company will operate the Valentine furnace and ore mines, and the plant will be enlarged to give work to from 500 to 600 employes. The Co-operative Company will enlarge the Bellefonte plant during the summer. It is likely that a tank will be put in instead of furnaces, which will bring the number of workmen at this plant up from 75 to over 200.

The Houser Springless Lock Company expects to manufacture locks by April 1. There is also a move on the part of the Standard Scale Company to increase their plant. The Standard employs about 100 skilled workmen. There will also be an enlargememt of the Jenkins Iron and Tool Company. It was announced to-day that several moneyed men of this place have about concluded arrangements for the erection of a silk mill here, which will give employment to from 300 to 400 operators.

In addition to the above latest intelligence gives assurance that with the coming of spring operations will be begun on the construction of the Bellefonte and Clearfield Railroad, which, with the repair shops and works in this place, will afford work for several hundred men in Bellefonte.

A NOTEWORTHY DEPARTURE.

Sixty Cents Worth of Entertainment For Only Five Cents.

It has been considered wonderful to publish a magazine for 10 cents containing as much reading matter as would be given in 50 columns of the average newspaper. But the Great "Philadelphia Sunday Press" comes to the front with the announcement that, beginning next Sunday, February 19, it will be so enlarged that each number will contain six times as much reading matter as any 10 cent magizine. Just think of it! For five cents you can get "The Philadelphia Sunday Press" and find as much entertainment and instruction as if you spent 60 cents for magazines. Look out for next "Sunday's Press." It will be a wonder.

TRUST THOSE WHO HAVE TRIED.—I SUFFERED from Catarrh of the worst kind and never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that.—Oscar Ostrom, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago Ill.

I SUFFERED from Catarrh; it got so bad I could not work; I used Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston, Mass.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

IT WOULD BE TREASON.

Senator Cochran Says Democrats Should Stand by Their Colors.

Senator J. Henry Cochran, of Lycoming, chairman of the joint Democratic caucus said that he had no request by any Democratic legislator to call that body together to consider the senatorial deadlock. "We unanimously named Mr. Jenks as our candidate for senator," Mr. Cochran added, "and then adopted a resolution that we would stand by the nomination we had made until two-thirds of the whole membership should decide otherwise. I see no good reason, nor has any been advanced, so far as I have heard, for changing Mr. Jenks for any other Democrat, and it seems to me that it will be time enough to consider making a change when it is shown that some other Democrat would be stronger or more likely to receive aid from Republicans. Up to this time nothing of this kind has been developed."

Mr. Cochran declares there is nothing in the rumored break in the Democratic ranks. Every Democrat in the joint assembly had agreed to Mr. Jenks' nomination and for any one or more to desert their candidate, at any time, would be party treason of the worst kind, and they would be punished accordingly. A punishment would also extend to the family of any one so offending. Democratic women would refuse to associate with the wife of such a traitor, and the finger of scorn would be pointed at his children forever afterward.

"No, indeed," the Senator added, "No Democrat will ever be guilty of such a monumental blunder. The case of the Republican so-called bolters is far different. They refuse to participate in the caucus, while we not only participated, but declared ourselves satisfied with the caucus action. It is very easy for outsiders to come here and advise us what to do. Their action for or against any measure will soon be forgotten. Our record, however, is to be made by our votes, and when once made, that record will stand forever. No, I do not believe that any change will be made in the Democratic nominee at present."

CATTLE PERISH.

Heavy Losses in Texas, Where There is Five Feet of Snow.

A special from Dallas says:

Deputy Sheriff Davis returned to Dallas last night from the Pan Handle along the line of the Fort Worth & Denver Railway. He says the storm, distress and desolation are indescribable. At Texline the snow is 5 feet deep on the level. At Clarendon it was two feet deep on Thursday morning and snowing hard. The mercury is 15 degrees below. The loss of cattle along the railway is something terrible. The cattle have practically no shelter, and in addition to this hardship there is no grass or water to be had, and their thirst and starvation hasten their death caused primarily by the bitter cold.

Most of the trains on the Fort Worth & Denver road have been abandoned. Extra engines and snow plows had to be employed to get the train he was on through from Clarendon to Fort Worth, and it arrived eight hours late. Axes, picks and crow bars had to be used at water tanks to cut holes through the ice, and then the engines had to be supplied with water by the use of buckets. Farmers in the Pan Handel wheat belt say the wheat has been killed. The loss to grain and cattle, Mr. Davis says, will reach an enormous sum. There were reports at stations of terrible distress among the inhabitants of sparsely settled districts, and it is regarded as a certainty that many persons have frozen to death.

A Cute Swindle.

A Company styling itself the "Model Bicycle Company of New York" has been sending out circulars advertising that a wheel would be sent to any address on receipt of $3.85. Each bicycle was to be accompanied by a "smokeless bicycle lamp, an electric bell, a cyclometer registering 10,000 miles and a nickle plated stand." The bicycle was described as a "perfect charm high-grade and modeled after $100 machines." It was said to have no awkward bolts or nuts visible, and the circular contained these significant sentences, "You cannot ride the wheel and puncture and cut tire. It does not weigh 30 pounds, but is light and easily carried." An investigation by the L. A. W. showed that the company was sending out a small nickle-plated watch charm in the shape of a wheel, for the $3.85.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Feb. 28, 1899:

B. E. Bennett, Mr. Clint Johnson, Miss Clara Frederich, Mrs. Grannie Mason, Mr. Philip Ole.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say that they were advertised Feb. 16, 1899.

O. B. MELLICK, P M.

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

WOMEN SHOULD KNOW IT.

Many women suffer from untold agony and misery because the nature of their disease is not correctly understood. They have been led to believe that womb trouble or female weakness of some sort is responsible for the many ills that beset woman-kind.

Neuralgia, nervousness, headache, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, rheumatism a dragging pain or dull ache in the back, weakness or bearing-down sensation, profuse or scanto supply of urine with strong odor, frequent desire to pass it with scalding or burning sensation, sediment in it after standing in a bottle or common glass for twenty four hours, are signs of kidney and bladder trouble.

The above symptoms are often attributed by the patient herself or by her physician to female weakness or womb trouble. Hence, so many fail to obtain relief, because they are treating, not the disease itself, but a reflection of the primary cause, which is kidney trouble.

In fact, women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble and both need the same remedy.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root is the great discovery of the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and it is easy to get at any drug store for fifty cents or one dollar.

To prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Kindly mention THE COLUMBIAN and send your address to DR. KILMER & CO. BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

THE

BROADWAY

Tubular lanterns, 39c each.

Enameled steel coffee pots, 17c, 20c, 23c, 25c each.

Mrs. Potts' cold-handle sad irons, 69c set.

Best table oil cloth, 12c yd.

Steel shelf brackets, 2c to 7c each.

Writing paper, 10c. 12c, 15c box.

Colored cheese cloth, all colors, 3c yard.

Red table damask, 15c, 20c, 25c yard.

Best lining cambric, 3 1-2c yd.

New line of narrow Valenciennes lace and insertion.

Umbrellas, 48c, 50c, to 1.50 each.

Aluminum key chains, 10c each.

8 oz. bars glycerine soap, 10c each.

Boys' heavy bicycle hose, 15c pair.

Ladies' heavy fleeced hose, 15c pair.

Fast dye embroidery silk, all shades of twisted and filo, 2 skeins for 5c.

Stamped doylies, 1c to 50c each.

Agency for Butterick Fashions.

Respectfully Submitted to the Cash Trade Only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,

Mover's New Building, Main Street,

BLOOMSBURG.

Shoe Bargains.

To Make Room for

SPRING STOCK.

We will give decided Bargains in Shoes during the mnth of February.

W. H. Moore's.

COR. SECOND AND IRON STS.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

WEEKLY CHATS JONAS LONG'S SONS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
Thursday, Feb. 16, 1899.

This store makes its reputation by selling new goods priced lower than the same could be had elsewhere. Oftentimes our buying facilities enables us to offer you Novelties and Staple Goods at HALF THEIR WORTH. This happens to be the case with 900 YARDS OF SILK MOREEN, which we place on sale this week. They come in shades, most used for underskirts, and we have marked them for this week's selling at the remarkable low price, per yard, 59c.

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

Two values that we believe have never before been equaled, are offered for this week's selling: English Waterproof Leutina, in all the new shades for Spring, the makers intended it to retail at $1.00 per yard, perhaps you will see it later at other stores at that price, but here this week the price will be per yard, 59c.

New Coverts and Drap de ete, no need to tell you they are classed with the finest fabrics, they are shown here in all the most new and popular shades, their value is $1.25 per yard, here this week, 69c.

LINENS.

64-inch Half Bleached Table Linen, new patterns, special this week at per yard, 54c.

Large Size Bath Towels, with colored border, very special at 12½c.

Light Colored English Flanelettes at per yard, 5c.

Best Lancaster Ginghams, all the new patterns for this season at per yard, 5c.

LADIES' JACKETS AT $5.00 EACH.

To know the goodness of this Jacket Bargain you should see them, in the assortment are Jackets made of fine Kerseys, Beaver, and Boucle Cloths, silk lined throughout, many in the lot have previously sold for as much as $10.00. We are anxious to reduce our Cloak Stock, and the result is whether your wish is for a Jacket or Cape, we can sell them to you at prices lower than you would hope for.

SELLING BROKEN LOTS OF SHOES CHEAP.

Our Shoe Store on the 2nd floor begins its Clearing Sale of odd lots of Shoes this week; some lines have 20 and 30 pairs remaining, other lots have not quite so many. All are this season's goods and have been ready sellers. But we need the room for Spring arrivals so here's your chance.

Men's Casco Calf Lace and Congress Shoes, former price was $2.50 reduced price, $1.79.

Ladies' $3.00 Vesting Top Lace and Button Shoes, reduced price, $2.15.

Ladies' Fine Vici Kid Button and Lace Shoes, former price was $3.50, reduced price $2.49.

Ladies' Dongola lace and button Shoes, always $1.50 per pair, reduced price 98c.

A NEW WAITING ROOM FOR LADIES.

Perhaps we should call it a parlor; for since the carpenters and decorators have finished their work our new waiting room on the second floor is more cheery and comfortable than ever. Out-of-town people will find this a very comfortable and convenient place to rest in. On the 5th floor in our restaurant you can have lunches served at any hour. Regular dinner is ready at 11:30. The price is small, 25c.

BUTTERICK PUBLICATIONS.

The new fashion sheets are here, also new patterns of Spring styles. The Delineator is also ready. You will find them on sale in our pattern department, near our millinery parlors.

Jonas Long's Sons